

### Test Methods for Prefilled Syringes

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### Test Methods for Prefilled Syringes

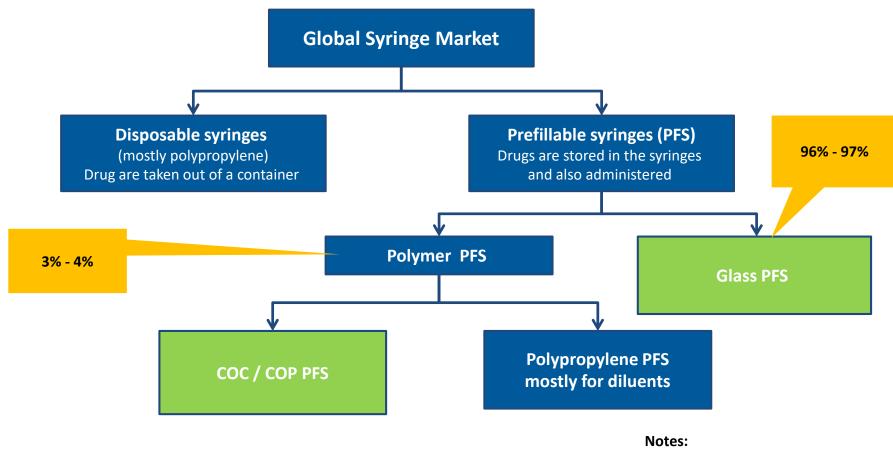
### **PART 1:**

Introduction to Syringe Systems & Components



**Prefilled Syringes** 

### Syringe Market Overview - General



**COC:** Cyclic Olefin Copolymer **COP:** Cyclic Olefin Polymer

### **Definition of Prefilled Syringes**

When we are talking about syringes, we are talking about Prefilled Syringes!

### **Bulk Syringes**

### **Prefilled Syringes**

Bulk syringes unsterile and were delivered packed in Rondo trays.

Pre-Sterilized syringes are delivered in tub and nest and are ready for filling at customers.

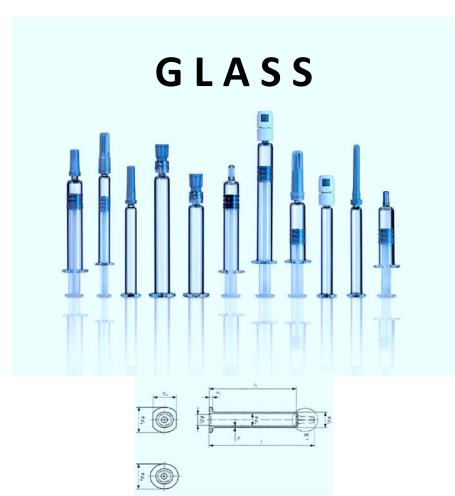






### Materials for Syringe Systems

Glass Formats up to 20ml,



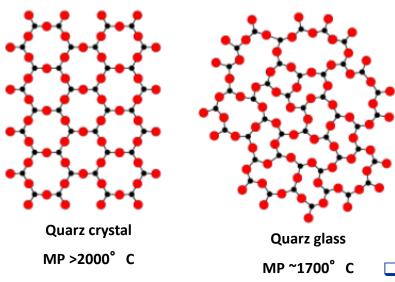
Syringe Size	OD [mm]	OD ± [mm]	ID [mm]	ID ± [mm]
0.5 ml	6.85	0.10	4.65	0.10
1ml lg	8.15	0.10	6.35	0.10
1 – 3 ml	10.85	0.10	8.65	0.20
5 ml	14.45	0.10	11.85	0.20
10 ml	17.05	0.20	14.25	0.20
20 ml	22.05	0.20	19.05	0.20

ISO 11040-4 specified Outer & Inner Diameter Dimensions

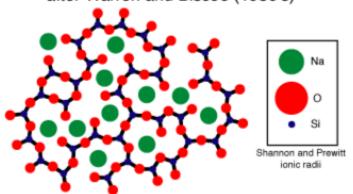


Outer Diameter: 1ml std 9,2  $\pm$  0.1mm

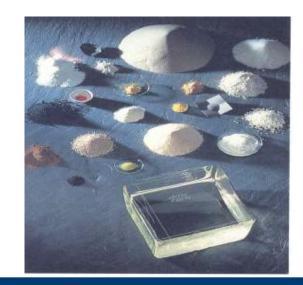
### Materials for Syringe Systems: Glass



#### Proposed Structure of Sodium Silicate Glass after Warren and Biscoe (1930's)



- Mixture of crystalline oxides, carbonates, etc.
- Glass is a "frozen super cooled liquid"
- Glass is an inorganic melt, cooled down and solidified without crystallization.
- Considered solid below ~500°C, without defined melting point because of its amorphous structure.
- Composed of:
  - Network former : SiO<sub>2</sub> (SiO<sub>4</sub><sup>4-</sup>)
  - Network modifiers to lower melting point Na<sub>2</sub>O, B<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, PbO
  - Stabilizers to improve durability CaO, Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>
  - Colorants as needed Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> TiO<sub>2</sub> & many others

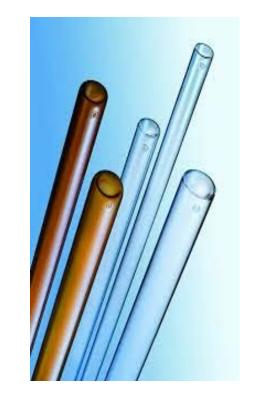


### Materials for Syringe Systems: Glass

# **CORNING**

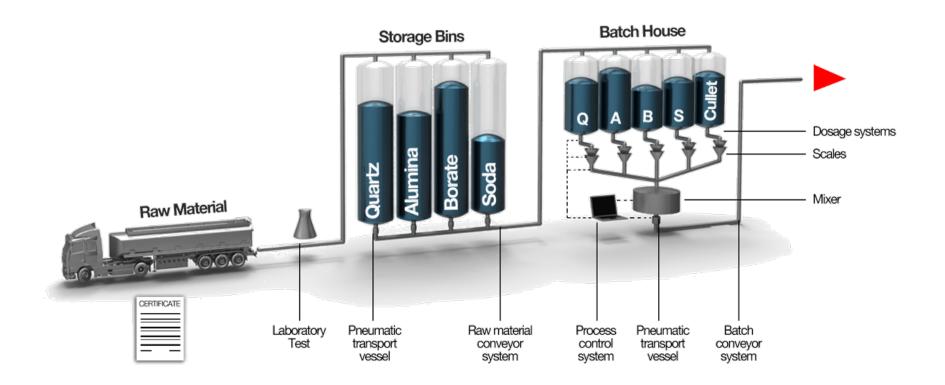


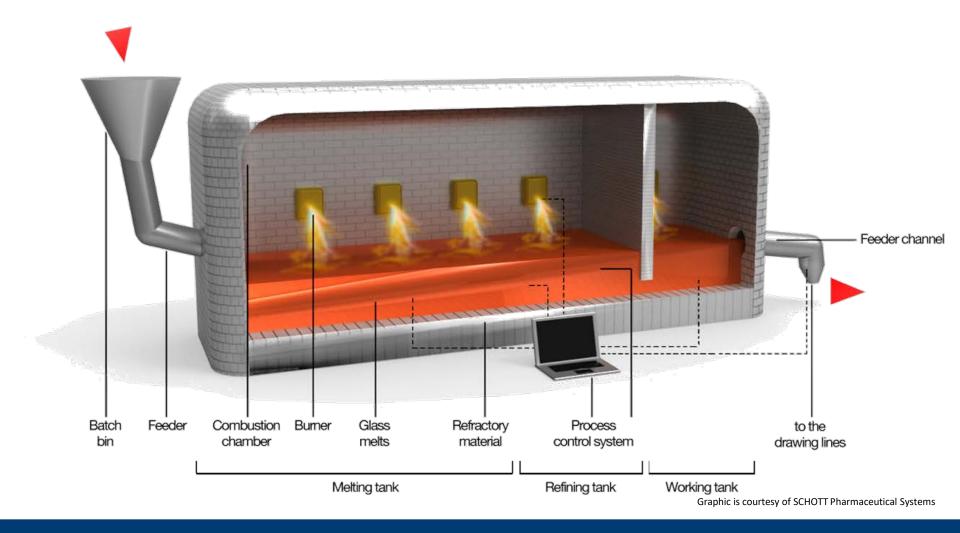






Non limitative list Logos taken from companies webpages





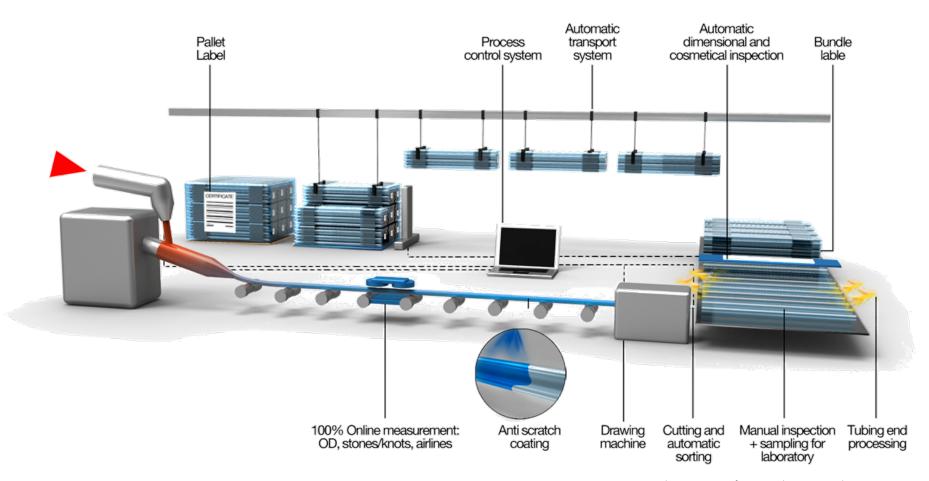




**Melting tank** 

**Danner Mandrel** 

Graphic is courtesy of SCHOTT Pharmaceutical Systems



Graphic is courtesy of SCHOTT Pharmaceutical Systems

### Key Player Glass Syringes











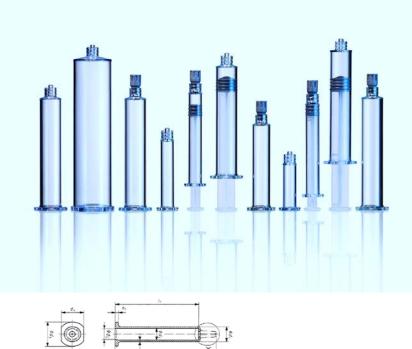
Non limitative list

Logos taken from companies webpages

### Materials for Syringe Systems

Polymer Formats up to 100ml

### POLYMER



Syringe Size	OD [mm]	OD ± [mm]	ID [mm]	ID ± [mm]
0.5 ml	6.8 – 8.2 6-8 – 9.4*	0.10	4.6 – 4,8	0.10
1ml lg	8.1 – 9.4	0.10	6.3 – 6,5	0.10
1 – 3 ml	10.8 - 11.4	0.10	8.5 – 8,75	0.10
5 ml	14.4 - 15.0	0.10	11.7 –12.2	0.10
10 ml	16.6 - 18.0	0.10	14.1 –14.7	0.10
20 ml	21.2 - 22.7	0.15	18,9 –19.1	0.15
50 ml	29.2 – 32.3	0.2	26.4 – 29.3	0.2
100 ml	35.2 – 35.5	0.2	31.8 – 32.2	0.2

ISO 11040-6 specified Outer & Inner Diameter Dimensions in Ranges

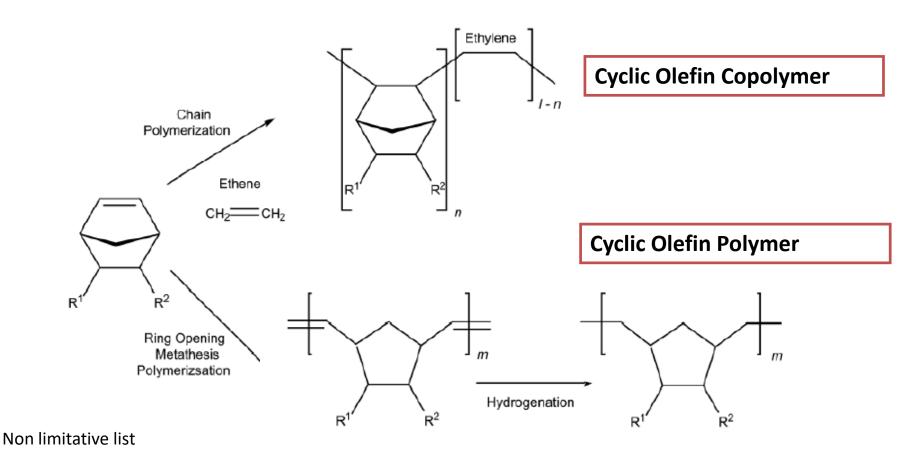
# Cyclic Olefin Copolymer (COC) and Cyclic Olefin Polymer (COP)

- Amorphous polymer
- Relatively new class of polymers
- Wide variety of applications in films, lenses, medical devices
- No commodities (price)



Logos taken from companies webpages
Pic is courtesy of SCHOTT Pharmaceutical Systems

# Cyclo Olefine Copolymer (COC) and Cyclo Olefine Polymer (COP) are closely related



Stabilizer: Irganox 1010

Pentaerythritol Tetrakis(3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate)

**Colorant:** Ultramarine Blue

Slip additives: Oleamide, Erucamide









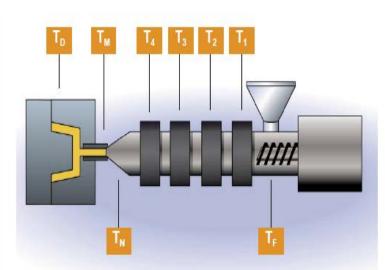


Company	Name	Туре
Japan Synthetic Rubber	Arton ™	COC
Mitsui Chemicals	APEL™	COC
Topas Advanced Polymers	Topas <sup>®</sup>	COC
Zeon Corp	Zeonex	СОР

Non limitative list

Logos taken from companies webpages

### Manufacturing Process: Injection Molding



Processing temperature	$T_F = < 100 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_1 = 230 - 260 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_2 = 240 - 270 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_3 = 250 - 280 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_4 = 260 - 290 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_N = 240 - 300 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_M = 240 - 300 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	Ba Sa In
Mold-temperature:	T <sub>D</sub> = 95 - 130 °C	N
Max. residence time	$<$ 15 min; short interruption to cycle: reduce $T_x = 170^{\circ}\text{C}$ !	
Injection pressure:	P <sub>Sp</sub> = 500 - 1100 bar (specific)	
Hold on pressure:	P <sub>N</sub> = 300 - 600 bar (specific)	



Back pressure:	P <sub>st</sub> = 150 bar max. (specific)
Screw speed:	n <sub>s</sub> = 50 - 200 rpm
Injection speed:	moderate to fast (50 mm/sec - 150 mm/sec)
Nozzle type:	free - flow
Noto: • Chishanda da anda da anana	

- Note:
- Shrinkage is dependent on processing conditions and part design. Typical shrinkage values are 0,4 - 0,7%
- . Topas Advanced Polymers recommends only external heated hot runner systems.
- For molded parts with especially high requirements to the surface quality we recommend to choose the highest possible mold temperature.

### **Key Players Polymer Syringes**

### **Prefillable Polymer Syringe Offerings**

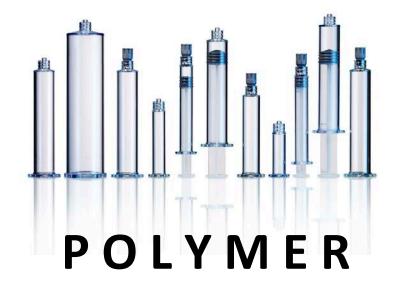
Company	Resin	Brand
Becton Dickinson	СОР	BD Sterifill™ SCF™
Gerresheimer Taisei Kako	COP	ClearJect™
Schott Schweiz	COC	SCHOTT TopPac®
SiO <sub>2</sub> Medical Products	COP	Barrier Coated Systems
Terumo	COP	Playjex™
West (Daikyo)	COP	CZ® RU system

### What Material is the BETTER Choice?

### GLASS



VS.



## Advantages and Disadvantages of Materials

**Polymer** 

Vs.

Glass



Vs.



Feature	Polymer	Glass
Absence of Heavy Metal's		
Breakage Resistance		
Design Space / customizing		
Discoloration by radiation		
Haze Formation		

## Advantages and Disadvantages of Materials

**Polymer** 

Vs.

Glass







Feature	Polymer	Glass
Integrated Luer Lock		
Low E & L Profile		
"long term" experience		
Multiple Supply Source		
Permeability (gases)		

## Advantages and Disadvantages of Materials

**Polymer** 

Vs.

**Glass** 







Feature	Polymer	Glass
Sterilization Possibilities		
Siliconization (free silicone)		
Temperature Resistance		
Tolerances		
Tungsten Free		

### **Sterilization Methods**

Method	COC/COP	Glass	
Autoclave 121° C, 20 min <sup>1)</sup>	yes	yes	
Gamma irradiation, 25 kGy <sup>2)</sup>	yes	<u>no</u>	
Electron radiation <sup>2)</sup>	yes	<u>no</u>	
X-Ray <sup>2)</sup>	yes	<u>no</u>	
Heat tunnel 280° C, 5 min	<u>no</u>	yes	
Ethylene oxide	yes	yes	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1)</sup> Minimal change in transparency and color, maintains mechanical properties

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Maintains mechanical properties, no influence on transparency, some color change

### Rubber Components for PFS

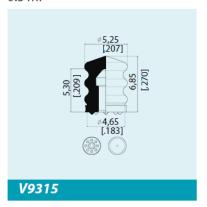
### **Major Suppliers for PFS Rubber Components**

- 1. Aptar Stelmi: <a href="http://www.aptar.com/pharma/injectables/">http://www.aptar.com/pharma/injectables/</a>
- 2. Datwyler: <a href="http://sealing.datwyler.com/de/industry-solutions/health-care.html">http://sealing.datwyler.com/de/industry-solutions/health-care.html</a>
- 3. West: <a href="http://www.westpharma.com/en/Pages/Default.aspx">http://www.westpharma.com/en/Pages/Default.aspx</a>

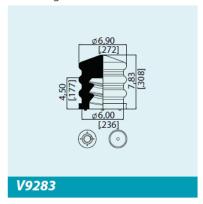
### Rubber Components for PFS

#### **TYPICAL PRODUCTS**

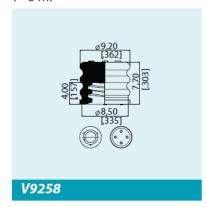
0.5 ml



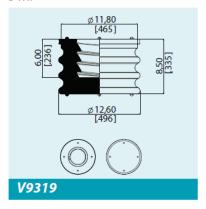
1 ml long



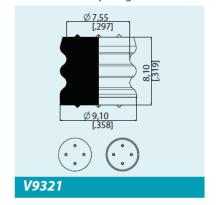
1 - 3 ml



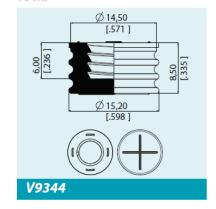
5 ml



Dual chamber plunger



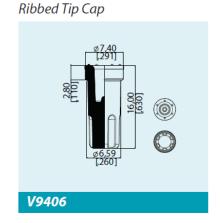
10 ml

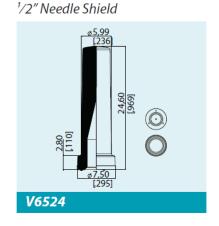


Drawings taken from Datwylers product brochures

### Rubber Components for PFS

Mushroom Tip Cap Ø10,00 [.3937] V9257







Drawings taken from Datwylers product brochures

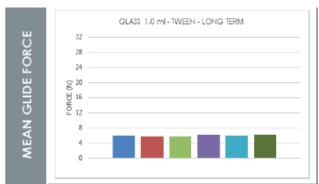
Pic is courtesy of SCHOTT Pharmaceutical Systems

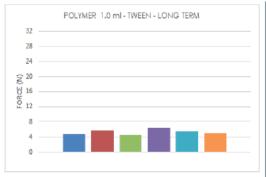
### Alternative to Standard Rubber



	CHARACTERISTICS
MATERIAL	THERMOPLASTIC ELASTOMER - EVOPRENE G970
BIOCOMPATIBILITY	ISO 11040-5, ISO 10993-5, 1999, USP 27, NF 22, 2004 - CLASS VI70℃
STERILIZATION	GAMMA IRRADIATION, STEAM (relaxed), NONE - by customer choice
BREAK LOOSE & GLIDE FORCES	ISO 11040-8 Annex E
CONTAINER CLOSURE	ASTM F1929
PERMEABILITY	ICH Q1A(R2)
EXTRACTABLES	DS/EN ISO 8871-1:2005







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# Thank You! QUESTIONS?