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Headspace Moisture and Water Activity Applications for Lyophilized Product Rapid non-destructive moisture determination using headspace analysis



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CONNECTING PEOPLE SCIENCE AND REGULATION*



- Thirty years ago the gravimetric or loss-on-drying method was the standard moisture determination method for freeze-dried pharmaceutical product.
 - Karl-Fischer (KF) titration used more frequently as a new method starting in the early 90's.
 - Total moisture content measured by both methods was different so people started with correlation studies.









- Disadvantages of the standard moisture determination methods:
 - o Risk of moisture contamination is high methods dependent on operator skill
 - o Methods are time & resource intensive
 - o Methods are destructive meaning high value samples are lost

Very difficult (impossible) to analyze statistical sample sets of finished product:

• Insight into the drying process is limited

• Accuracy of moisture stability specifications also limited due to destructive

analysis and assumptions about identical stability samples



Why? Regulator- understand your process & product, 'statistical confidence in the process'





- Headspace moisture analysis Introduction
 - Comparison to standard moisture methods
 - o Relation to water activity
- Application examples / Industry case studies
 - Formulation development
 - Process optimization and scale up
 - Manufacturing & QC
- Q & A





Headspace Moisture







Headspace Moisture – correlation with total moisture content





[Ref.] Isobel Cook and Kevin Ward (2011), Headspace Moisture Mapping and the Information That Can Be Gained about Freeze-Dried Materials and Processes PDA J Pharm Sci Technol September/October 2011 65:457-467 pda.org

Water activity definition – thermodynamic property

- Water activity, or a_w is the partial vapor pressure of water in a substance divided by the standard state partial vapor pressure of water.
 - Indicates how much 'free' water is available for chemical reaction
 - A water activity of 0.80 means the vapor pressure is 80% of that of pure water





USP<922> Water Activity implemented in Q1 2021.

- "Total water content is an important quality attribute...However, water may be allocated in more than one compartment within these materials. Some of it may be tightly bound and not available to participate in chemical, biochemical, or physicochemical reactions (e.g., as hydrate salts), whereas some of the water may be more loosely bound and more freely available to participate in reactions... It is important to establish what fraction of the total water is contained in the latter category, and the determination of water activity (*a_w*) provides this information."
- "The determination of a_w aids in decisions during ingredient and product processes design, ingredient selection, packaging selection, and product storage. These include:
 - •

...

- Reducing the degradation of active ingredients within product formulations, especially those susceptible to chemical hydrolysis
- •
- Providing a complementary method to the Karl Fischer titration for monitoring changes in water content
- Controlling and monitoring physical, chemical, and microbial product stability
-







- Measurement of the water vapor pressure in a sealed container at a defined temperature is a water activity determination.
- Measurement concept can be applied to general containers containing dry material.
- There will be a trend to replace some total moisture measurements with a water activity determination USP <922>.



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Example Headspace Platforms for Non-destructive Lyo Moisture Analysis

Benchtop instruments: Laboratory and At-line Instruments & accessories







Inspection Machines:

flexible

Automated, compact and

Moisture determination – need for a better toolbox

For process development and scale-up

- Driving quality in the pharma industry:
 - Regulators asking for more analytical data (QbD, validation, monitor & control)
 - FDA process validation guidance: 'Statistical confidence in the process'
 - 'Collection and evaluation of data, from the process design phase throughout production, which establishes scientific evidence that a process is capable of consistently delivering quality products.'
- Analysis of **statistically relevant sample sets of finished product** gives insight enabling decisions that are justified by science-based data
- There is no 'gold standard' moisture method need broader toolbox!





• Headspace water vapor correlates to product dryness

Headspace moisture as a function of tray

• 100% headspace moisture determination to characterize and optimize freeze drying cycle



Total analysis time (both batches): ~ 1 day!



Headspace moisture as a function of tray

Example: Accurate lyo shelf moisture mapping

Low value 0.4 torr = 1% KF High value 3.2 torr = 4% KF

- 0.8 0.7 0.5 0.5 0.7 0.5 0.5 0.9 0.7 0.8 0.7 0.7 0.9 0.7 0.8 0.8 0.6 0.8 0.5 0.7 0.7 0.7 1.1 0.8 1.1 1.0 0.5 0.8 0.7 1.2 0.8 1.4 0.8 1.0 0.7 0.7 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.5 0.5 0.7 0.5 0.5 0.6 0.9 1.2 1.3 1.5 1.3 1.5 1.5 1.8 1.2 1.4 0.4 0.5 0.9 0.9 0.7 1.2 1.3 1.1 1.2 0.7 0.7 0.7 1.4 1.7 1.6 2.2 1.5 1.7 1.8 1.0 0.9 0.8 0.6 0.6 0.9 1.0 1.2 1.2 1.3 0.6 0.6 0.9 1.3 1.2 1.6 1.6 1.3 1.6 2.1 2.0 2.1 2.0 2.1 1.5 1.4 1.2 0.9 0.8 1.1 1.3 0.8 0.8 0.6 0.6 0.5 0.6 0.7 1.1 1.2 2.3 1.6 1.7 1.4 1.7 1.9 2.5 1.4 0.6 1.4 1.2 1.2 0.6 1.0 0.4 0.6 1.1 0.8 0.7 0.8 1.0 1.3 1.4 1.5 1.9 1.6 2.6 1.8 2.1 1.7 1.5 1.6 0.9 0.9 0.5 0.7 0.9 0.4 0.9 1.0 0.6 0.9 0.9 1.1 1.1 1.5 1.6 1.6 1.4 1.3 0.7 0.8 0.7 0.5 0.5 0.5 2.6 1.2 1.2 1.1 1.5 0.6 0.6 0.9 0.7 1.2 1.4 1.3 0.8 1.2 0.7 0.9 0.6 0.7 0.9 0.8 0.6 0.4 07 0.6 0.8 0.5 0.8 1.1 0.7 0.9 0.9 0.6 0.7 0.9 0.7 1.2 0.6 0.9 0.9 1.2 0.9 0.9 06 07 0.5 0.5 1.2 0.5 0.6 0.9 0.8 0.6 1.1 0.8 0.9 0.6 0.4-0.9 2.0-3.2 Data courtesy of Biopharma Technology Ltd Colour key 0 - 0.31.0-1.5 1.6-1.9
 - Headspace moisture plot shows 'wet spot' in center of shelf



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- Track vial location on the shelf
- Perform 100%
 headspace moisture analysis to produce shelf moisture map

Low value 0.2 torr = 1% KF High value 1.0 torr = 1.8% KF

	0.6	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.7	0.2	0.5	0.4	0.8	0.5	0.6	0.3	0.5	0.8	0.8
	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.7	0.3	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.6	0.4	0.2	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.3	0.5	0.4
Ч	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.7	0.7	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.8	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.5
u	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.6	1.0
	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.6	0.4	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6
	0.7	0.7	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.6	0.4
	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.7	0.7	0.3	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.7	0.8	0.5	O.1	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.3	0.6	0.4	0.7
	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.3	0.5	0.8	0.4	0.4	0.8	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.8	0.4
ure	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.8	0.4	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.6	0.8	0.6
	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.7	0.5	0.7	0.3	0.8	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.4
	0.7		0.8		0.7		0.4		0.4		0.5		0.8		0.5		0.6		0.8		0.4	
	Colour	key	0	-0.3		0.4-0.	9	1.0-1	.5							Dat	a court	tesy of	Biopha	arma Te	chnolo	ogy Lto

- Same cycle produced
 2nd batch
- Improving heat transfer to the vials resulted in homogenous moisture distribution.

Total analysis time per shelf of pilot freeze dryer < 1 hour!



Industry case study: Demonstrating freeze dryer equivalence ¹⁵

FD02

5% surrose

- Model: 5% sucrose solution, 6R vials, 2.5 ml fill
- Full headspace moisture analysis of shelf:
 - Water vapor range of 0.65 to 2.04 mbar correlated to 0.8 to 1.4 % (KF)
 - Headspace results clearly show an inhomogeneous batch
- Edge effects front and side result in lower values at front and side positions (acrylic door, covered with stainless steel plate)

Sh2														
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
0,958	0,811	0,812	0,848	0,852	0,859	0,844	0,876	0,849	0,868	0,831	0,897	0,995	1,032	1,106
0,843	0,866	0,764	0,911	0,807	0,825	0,832	0,853	0,91	0,98	0,831	0,88	0,918	0,868	1,01
0,731	0,895	0,865	0,802	1,126	0,837	0,823	1,062	1,061	0,914	1,221	0,83	0,981	0,967	0,945
0,783	0,825	0,818	1,065	0,808	0,868	1,09	0,93	0,901	1,446	0,837	0,952	0,843	0,929	0,898
0,719	0,847	1,06	1,132	0,821	1,116	0,954	1,141	0,976	1,137	1,027	0,888	1,087	0,835	0,807
0,986	0,791	0,845	0,774	1,6	1,43	0,941	1,236	0,966	0,888	1,05	0,899	0,997	0,837	0,771
0,718	0,766	0,839	0,794	0,817	1,135	0,921	0,767	1,504	0,892	2,035	1,109	0,921	0,77	0,689
0,71	0,72	0,917	0,845	1,461	0,988	1,238	1,323	1,073	1,373	1,107	0,949	0,75	0,801	0,683
0,704	0,922	0,946	0,724	1,647	1,015	1,308	1,466	1,213	0,787	0,881	0,797	0,855	0,687	0,752
0,681	0,709	0,747	0,84	0,705	1,097	1,165	0,982	1,868	1,265	1,213	1,099	1,083	0,742	0,677
0,76	0,879	0,734	1,399	1,297	0,808	1,351	1,31	1,007	0,93	1,093	1,275	1,014	0,762	0,743
0,706	0,724	0,823	0,79	0,767	1,087	1,431	1,277	1,081	0,789	1,44	0,965	0,76	0,717	0,657
0,69	0,725	1,015	1,073	1,471	0,735	1,331	1,126	0,999	1,016	1,155	0,918	0,662	0,785	0,721
0,649	0,724	0,719	0,755	1	1,226	1,686	0,723	0,991	0,702	1,087	1,017	0,877	0,809	0,859
0,677	1,165	1,158	0,835	0,832	1,394	0,846	1,432	1,314	0,903	0,774	0,987	0,792	0,747	0,684
0,657	0,808	0,769	0,878	0,805	1,108	1,27	1,313	0,829	0,714	1,261	0,832	1	0,709	0,703
0,692	0,902	0,756	0,921	1,156	0,846	0,933	0,928	0,766	0,749	0,835	1,265	0,748	0,685	0,726
0,654	0,699	0,721	0,886	0,884	0,723	0,832	0,785	1,173	0,775	0,837	0,745	0,745	0,734	0,764
0,695	0,672	0,783	0,754	0,799	0,876	0,765	0,81	0,986	0,728	0,69	0,771	0,678	0,843	0,813
0,656	0,711	0,665	0,737	0,853	0,729	0,772	1,037	0,827	0,733	0,764	0,781	0,725	0,758	0,769
0,707	0,695	0,659	0,698	0,657	0,754	0,746	0,813	0,797	0,67	0,736	0,794	0,791	0,787	0,69
0,746	0,713	0,844	0,758	0,773	0,7	0,699	0,793	0,814	0,733	0,718	0,728	0,802	0,693	0,755



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Industry case study: Demonstrating freeze dryer equivalence 16

FD04 5% sucrose

SH2



- Model: 5% sucrose solution
- Full headspace moisture analysis of shelf:

 0.18 to 3.79 mbar, i.e. 0.6% to 2.2% KF
 More inhomogeneous batch
- Cake appearance acceptable, minor shrinkage in some vials
- Edge effects front, back and side result in lower values (stainless steel door)

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
0,379	0,358	0,434	0,389	0,361	0,378	0,366	0,357	0,184	0,465	0,37	0,366	0,38	0,388	0,399
0,362	0,342	0,481	0,361	0,724	0,401	0,483	0,433	0,369	0,647	0,369	0,433	0,483	0,469	0,339
0,321	0,514	0,411	1,765	0,691	0,556	0,942	1,684	1,448	0,867	1,779	0,76	1,103	0,398	0,369
0,414	1,166	2,279	0,701	0,936	1,52	1,245	1,912	0,644	0,599	0,944	1,194	0,734	0,627	0,351
0,314	0,434	1,781	2,45	1,222	0,978	1,355	0,609	2,214	1,23	2,338	1,149	1,935	0,746	0,448
0,435	0,851	1,363	0,657	1,437	0,727	1,364	2,411	1,397	2,607	2,705	1,178	1,808	0,552	0,32
0,39	0,439	0,515	2,332	1,569	2,863	3,314	0,796	0,815	0,671	2,009	2,124	0,806	0,435	0,356
0,419	1,044	1,344	0,868	2,009	2,887	2,36	1,791	2,045	2,154	1,073	0,881	0,738	0,548	0,343
0,324	0,51	2,236	1,741	0,861	1,579	3,786	2,423	0,558	2,298	0,857	3,309	1,881	0,669	0,408
0,408	0,421	1,537	2,209	2,348	0,604	3,19	1,626	1,831	2,212	0,795	2,845	1,278	0,493	0,325
0,305	1,504	1,257	1,083	1,698	1,799	2,104	1,63	1,624	2,199	2,284	0,896	2,069	1,529	0,395
0,488	0,804	0,504	3,424	0,602	3,228	1,459	2,468	2,233	1,008	1,876	0,701	2,491	0,747	0,483
0,336	0,694	0,935	1,43	1,388	2,623	0,913	1,828	2,009	0,793	1,93	1,001	2,921	1,918	0,443
0,4	0,515	2,229	1,095	1,452	2,353	2,917	2,318	2,467	2,45	0,804	2,731	1,434	0,53	0,357
0,437	0,4	0,481	1,381	1,302	2,294	2,495	3,326	3,278	0,658	2,368	1,241	0,785	0,504	0,39
0,366	0,906	3,334	3,688	1,201	2,144	1,051	1,202	2,837	1,399	2,307	2,965	1,256	0,384	0,363
0,301	0,369	2,257	1,301	1,004	2,114	1,919	2,571	2,187	2,045	0,63	2,032	0,707	0,751	0,355
0,335	0.45	0,519	2.507	1.388	1,109	1.045	1,202	0,615	2,912	1,841	2,991	1,494	0,455	0.359
0,305	0,359	0,782	1,541	1,199	0,578	1,669	0,49	1,303	2,892	0,815	2,355	1,55	0,416	0,424
0,34	0,378	0,675	0,483	0,584	0,657	0,667	0,705	0,97	0,792	1,29	0,398	0,591	0,417	0,431
0.338	0,399	0,452	0.34	0.388	0,395	0,36	0.353	0,516	0,473	0.38	0,394	0,378	0,374	0.486
0,342	0,393	0,356	0,379	0,376	0,351	0,38	0,367	0,361	0,392	0,363	0,401	0,352	0,364	0,358

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5% sucrose, lyophilized with **non-optimized cycle** on two different freeze-dryers

Freeze-dryer Nr 2

9 10 11 12 13 14 15 0.3790.3580.4340.3890.3610.3780.3660.3570.1840.465 0.370.366 0.380.3880.399 0 362 0 342 0 481 0 361 0 724 0 401 0 483 0 433 0 369 0 647 0 369 0 433 0 483 0 469 0 339 0.3210.5140.411 1.7650.6910.556 0.942 1.684 1.448 0.867 1.779 0.76 1.103 0.3980.369 0.4141.1662.2790.7010.936 1.52 1.2451.9120.6440.5990.9441.1940.7340.6270.351 0.3140.434 1.781 2.45 1.222 0.978 1.355 0.609 2.214 1.23 2.338 1.149 1.935 0.746 0.448 0.4350.8511.3630.6571.4370.7271.3642.4111.3972.6072.7051.1781.8080.5520.32 0.39 0.439 0.515 2.332 1.569 2.863 3.314 0.7960.815 0.671 2.009 2.124 0.806 0.435 0.356 0.419 1.044 1.3440.868 2.009 2.887 2.36 1.791 2.045 2.154 1.073 0.881 0.738 0.548 0.343 0.324 0.51 2.236 1.741 0.861 1.579 3.786 2.423 0.558 2.298 0.857 3.309 1.881 0.669 0.408 0.4080.4211.5372.2092.3480.604 3.191.6261.8312.2120.7952.8451.2780.4930.325 0.305 1.504 1.257 1.083 1.698 1.799 2.104 1.63 1.624 2.199 2.284 0.896 2.069 1.529 0.39 0,4880,8040,5043,4240,6023,2281,4592,4682,2331,0081,8760,7012,4910,7470,483 0.3360.694 0.935 1.431.3882.623 0.9131.8282.009 0.793 1.93 1.001 2.921 1.9180.443 0.40.515 2.229 1.095 1.452 2.353 2.917 2.318 2.467 2.45 0.804 2.731 1.434 0.53 0.357 0.437 0.4 0.481 1.381 1.302 2.294 2.495 3.326 3.278 0.658 2.368 1.241 0.785 0.504 0.39 0.366 0.906 3.334 3.688 1.201 2.144 1.051 1.202 2.837 1.399 2.307 2.965 1.256 0.384 0.363 0.3010.369 2.257 1.301 1.004 2.114 1.919 2.571 2.187 2.045 0.63 2.032 0.707 0.751 0.35 0.335 0.45 0.519 2.507 1.388 1.109 1.045 1.202 0.615 2.912 1.841 2.991 1.494 0.4550.359 0.3050.359 0.7821.5411.1990.578 1.669 0.49 1.303 2.892 0.815 2.355 1.55 0.4160.424 0.34 0.378 0.675 0.483 0.584 0.657 0.667 0.705 0.97 0.792 1.29 0.398 0.591 0.417 0.431 0.3380.3990.452 0.340.3880.395 0.360.3530.5160.473 0.380.3940.3780.3740.480

0.3420.3930.3560.3790.3760.351 0.380.3670.3610.3920.3630.4010.3520.3640.35

Freeze-dryer Nr 1

6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 1 2 3 5 0 9580 811 0 8120 8480 8520 8590 8440 8760 8490 8680 8310 8970 9951 0321 106 0.8430.8660.7640.9110.8070.8250.8320.853 0.91 0.980.831 0.880.9180.868 1.01 0.7310.895 0.865 0.802 1.126 0.837 0.823 1.062 1.061 0.914 1.221 0.83 0.981 0.967 0.945 0.7830.8250.8181.0650.8080.868 1.09 0.930.9011.4460.8370.9520.8430.9290.898 0.7190.847 1.061.1320.8211.1160.9541.1410.9761.1371.0270.8881.0870.8350.80 0.9860.7910.8450.774 1.6 1.43 0.9411.2360.9660.888 1.050.8990.9970.8370.77 0.7180.7660.8390.7940.8171.1350.9210.7671.5040.8922.0351.1090.921 0.770.689 0.71 0.72 0.9170.8451.4610.9881.2381.3231.0731.3731.1070.949 0.75 0.8010.683 070409220946072416471015130814661213078708810797085506870752 0.6810.7090.747 0.840.7051.0971.1650.9821.8681.2651.2131.0991.0830.7420.67 0.76 0.879 0.7341 3991 2970 808 1.351 1.31 1.007 0.93 1.093 1.275 1.014 0.762 0.743 0.7060.7240.823 0.790.7671.0871.4311.2771.0810.789 1.440.965 0.760.7170.657 0 69 0 725 1 0151 0731 4710 735 1 3311 1260 999 1 0161 1550 9180 662 0 7850 721 0.6490.7240.7190.755 11.226 1.6860.7230.991 0.702 1.087 1.017 0.877 0.8090.859 0.6771.1651.1580.8350.8321.3940.8461.4321.3140.9030.7740.9870.7920.7470.684 0.6570.8080.7690.8780.8061.108 1.271.3130.8290.7141.2610.832 10.7090.703 0.6920.9020.7560.9211.1560.8460.9330.9280.7660.7490.8351.2650.7480.6850.726 0.6540.6990.7210.8860.8840.7230.8320.7851.1730.7750.8370.7450.7450.7340.764 0.6950.6720.7830.7540.7990.8760.765 0.810.9860.728 0.690.7710.6780.8430.813 0.6560,7110,6650,7370,8530,7290,7721,0370,8270,7330,7640,7810,7250,7580,769 0.7070.6950.6590.6980.6570.7540.7460.8130.797 0.670.7360.7940.7910.787 0.69 0.7460.713 0.8440.7580.773 0.7 0.6990.7930.814 0.7330.7180.7280.802 0.6930.755



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Industry case study: Demonstrating freeze dryer equivalence 18

5% sucrose, 2.5% BSA, lyophilized with an optimized cycle on the two different freeze-dryers

Freeze-dryer Nr 1

FD02 5% sucr 25 mg/ml BSA

Sh3

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	0.32	0.32	0.34	0.35	0.34	0.37	0.35	0.33	0.33	0.40	0.44	0.38	0.39	0.59	0.54
	0.36	0.33	0.33	0.34	0.39	0.35	0.35	0.41	0.39	0.46	0.35	0.39	0.42	0.40	0.31
	0.35	0.40	0.35	0.49	0.37	0.35	0.44	0.37	0.51	0.45	0.36	0.35	0.41	0.43	0.43
	0.41	0.33	0.33	0.43	0.36	0.55	0.40	0.48	0.48	0.41	0.44	0.40	0.40	0.35	0.35
	0.31	0.46	0.35	0.39	0.39	0.43	0.39	0.46	0.53	0.47	0.54	0.40	0.38	0.38	0.34
	0.46	0.34	0.34	0.36	0.35	0.52	0.41	0.39	0.51	0.40	0.47	0.38	0.37	0.37	0.29
	0.35	0.39	0.35	0.41	0.40	0.45	0.37	0.43	0.42	0.50	0.41	0.42	0.38	0.37	0.36
	0.41	0.37	0.38	0.53	0.35	0.38	0.45	0.45	0.57	0.41	0.38	0.37	0.37	0.35	0.33
	0.35	0.38	0.35	0.40	0.51	0.46	0.38	0.37	0.43	0.54	0.38	0.39	0.47	0.31	0.28
	0.31	0.34	0.42	0.35	0.40	0.60	0.38	0.37	0.42	0.40	0.38	0.44	0.33	0.30	0.31
	0.30	0.32	0.33	0.34	0.37	0.39	0.65	0.61	0.42	0.66	0.47	0.45	0.34	0.31	0.27
	0.31	0.46	0.35	0.34	0.38	0.40	0.47	0.37	0.45	0.59	0.42	0.32	0.32	0.26	0.29
	0.30	0.32	0.43	0.51	0.55	0.54	0.35	0.44	0.38	0.39	0.36	0.33	0.42	0.29	0.29
	0.39	0.45	0.31	0.51	0.42	0.37	0.44	0.40	0.62	0.44	0.47	0.33	0.29	0.30	0.31
	0.37	0.33	0.31	0.47	0.36	0.46	0.65	0.37	0.44	0.50	0.42	0.33	0.30	0.30	0.30
	0.37	0.41	0.41	0.34	0.41	0.60	0.43	0.49	0.45	0.55	0.34	0.44	0.34	0.30	0.26
	0.39	0.34	0.34	0.46	0.38	0.48	0.43	0.34	0.44	0.34	0.38	0.33	0.30	0.29	0.30
	0.35	0.45	0.43	0.57	0.38	0.52	0.59	0.38	0.48	0.46	0.49	0.35	0.30	0.29	0.26
	0.34	0.28	0.35	0.34	0.39	0.34	0.41	0.51	0.50	0.43	0.40	0.39	0.34	0.30	0.31
	0.33	0.31	0.41	0.35	0.39	0.38	0.39	0.31	0.36	0.32	0.32	0.38	0.32	0.31	0.25
_	0.28	0.33	0.34	0.28	0.31	0.26	0.30	0.32	0.33	0.31	0.29	0.30	0.27	0.28	0.26
	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.30	0.35	0.30	0.28	0.27	0.31	0.29	0.31	0.26	0.36	0.35	0.25

Freeze-dryer Nr 2

FD04	1	5% suc	rose 25	mg/m	I BSA									
5h3 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
0.201	0.23	0.198	0.285	0.221	0.212	0.246	0.225	0.246	0.242	0.189	0.273	0.233	0.205	0.19
0.223	0.299	0.238	0.317	0.267	0.335	0.254	0.243	0.354	0.191	0.312	0.237	0.211	0.185	0.20
0.234	0.244	0.372	0.297	0.402	0.311	0.435	0.512	0.385	0.297	0.255	0.359	0.371	0.243	0.21
0.323	0.272	0.439	0.5	0.373	0.361	0.398	0.407	0.405	0.376	0.458	0.325	0.377	0.295	0.26
0.245	0.259	0.384	0.446	0.379	0.51	0.298	0.323	0.387	0.272	0.21	0.382	0.274	0.185	0.26
0.297	0.271	0.456	0.324	0.331	0.401	0.458	0.469	0.464	0.482	0.323	0.43	0.302	0.279	0.21
0.212	0.313	0.44	0.367	0.428	0.368	0.248	0.266	0.367	0.397	0.377	0.499	0.355	0.274	0.29
0.284	0.252	0.368	0.246	0.408	0.353	0.434	0.347	0.433	0.393	0.388	0.285	0.416	0.291	0.26
.217	0.316	0.306	0.434	0.363	0.499	0.361	0.32	0.406	0.461	0.303	0.409	0.312	0.429	0.32
0.27	0.383	0.397	0.355	0.422	0.377	0.466	0.551	0.294	0.429	0.32	0.282	0.38	0.278	0.2
0.19	0.32	0.239	0.495	0.531	0.359	0.412	0.108	0.478	0.328	0.358	0.306	0.32	0.273	0.33
.387	0.305	0.375	0.335	0.455	0.63	0.486	0.381	0.398	0.424	0.418	0.214	0.406	0.369	0.20
	0.346	0.435	0.513	0.371	0.382	0.487	0.484	0.475	0.319	0.337	0.299	0.361	0.284	0.31
0.209	0.258	0.318	0.583	0.503	0.372	0.495	0.341	0.448	0.451	0.387	0.349	0.287	0.384	0.20
0.195	0.328	0.463	0.549	0.377	0.581	0.379	0.415	0.563	0.432	0.449	0.334	0.279	0.314	0.25
0.289	0.279	0.32	0.482	0.476	0.646	0.442	0.317	0.527	0.398	0.404	0.408	0.359	0.301	0.34
0.23	0.336	0.36	0.372	0.361	0.372	0.369	0.482	0.374	0.357	0.344	0.432	0.205	0.285	0.30
0.365	0.306	0.403	0.515	0.36	0.438	0.492	0.396	0.484	0.453	0.355	0.377	0.492	0.385	0.2
0.279	0.339	0.372	0.452	0.319	0.42	0.349	0.763	0.434	0.363	0.421	0.377	0.335	0.295	0.23
0.32	0.26	0.313	0.514	0.296	0.371	0.481	0.443	0.474	0.389	0.329	0.353	0.329	0.3	0.23
0.165	0.206	0.231	0.262	0.324	0.287	0.231	0.233	0.308	0.222	0.319	0.238	0.304	0.22	0.2
0.166	0.18	0.203	0.172	0.17	0.168	0.188	0.172	0.176	0.213	0.225	0.186	0.167	0.199	

pda.o



Headspace moisture

optimization and clear demonstration of freeze

dryer equivalence

analysis of statistical sample sets enabled efficient cycle



- Background
- Substitution of an old freeze dryer into an existing facility during running operations
- Scale-up from 14 m² to 28 m²
- Introduction of improvements such as Point-of-fill filtration
- Determination of intra- and inter-batch variability and systematic QbD approach to comply with recent FDA guidelines

Note: These case study slides were presented at the 2018 PDA Pharmaceutical Freeze Drying Technology conference, Seville, Spain.





Headspace Moisture determination

- Performance of Design of Experiments in small-scale
- 100% determination of intra-batch variability
- Moisture results were used to analyze the impact and interaction of critical process parameters during freeze drying and process inherent product variability
- Determination of a suitable placebo for full-scale runs based on moisture
- Samples used for moisture analysis were still available for other destructive tests in contrast to Karl-Fischer to allow 1:1 correlation of results

Note: These case study slides were presented at the 2018 PDA Pharmaceutical Freeze Drying Technology conference, Seville, Spain.





Results of DoE small-scale study

Headspace moisture measurements



- Different lyo cycles to verify design space of the process
- Cycles show comparable moisture pattern and interaction with other parameters

-1 0 +1 -α -1 0 +1 +α -1 +1 Factor A Factor B Factor C Factor C

- High dependency of product specific attributes with moisture results
- Results were used to define suitable placebo

NoteOF The se case study slides were presented at the 2018 PDA Pharmaceutical Freeze Drying Technology conference, Seville, Spain.org



DoE Study Conclusions

- Proof of concept for full-scale runs to minimize project risk and number of fullscale runs
- Determination of suitable Placebo to mitigate lack of drug substance and minimize costs
- Verification of robust design space
- Process knowledge about interaction of critical parameters and their effect in intra- and inter-batch variability

Note: These case study slides were presented at the 2018 PDA Pharmaceutical Freeze Drying Technology conference, Seville, Spain.





- Perform 100% moisture inspection on a 'typical' batch (during scale-up or validation, for example) to determine moisture distribution.
- Compare AQL inspections of other batches to the 'typical batch'. Moisture distribution 3 consecutive batches







- The previous case studies demonstrated that headspace moisture analysis is a very useful analytical tool for gaining statistical insight into process and product quality.
- USP <922> describes headspace moisture (water activity) as a formal moisture determination method that in many cases is more useful than a total moisture content determination.





Moisture content vs. Water activity



Total water content is equal in all product vials. Ratio of bound to unbound water is different.







Water Activity and Water Content are Different

 $Kf \neq a_w$

- Total Water Content measured by Karl Fischer USP<921> is very different than Water Activity USP<922>
- Each ingredient in a formulation has its own unique water activity versus water concentration. This relationship is typically plotted as a sorption isotherm.
- If you change the formulation or the manufacturing process the water activity of the drug product will change.
- Water activity measures the amount of loosely bound water that is available to participate in undesirable chemical, physical, and microbiological reactions.





- Motivation:
 - Replace KF titration with rapid non-destructive method for lyo product moisture determination
 - Assess correlation between headspace water vapor pressure and degradation of a hydrolytic small molecule API

• Measurements:

- Sample sets with range of cake moisture from 0.5-3.0% by weight.
- Measure initial moisture in headspace (water activity at fixed temperature)
- Since measurement in non-destructive, the same samples can be put on stability
- Degradation of the API measured on stability with HPLC
- Look for correlation between water activity and API degradation





Correlating headspace moisture directly to product degradation

Stability study

	Moisture	0.50%	1.00%	1.50%	2.00%	3.00%
	25°C	Х	Х	Х	х	Х
	40°C	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
	60°C	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Targeted moisture cor	ntent groups:	0.50 %	1.00 %	1.50 %	2.00 %	3.00%
Corresponding water	vapor levels:	4 torr	6 torr	8 torr	10 torr	14 torr





Product degradation results





Industry case study: Lyo water activity method study





- Water vapor (activity) measurement predicts the product stability!
- Potential to replace KF with rapid non-destructive technique for lyo moisture determination





Book title: "Principles and Practice of Lyophilization Process and Product Development"

o to be published end of 2022 in memory of Dr. Michael Pikal (Springer)

Chapter on headspace analysis:

• "Laser-Based Headspace Moisture Analysis For Rapid Nondestructive Moisture Determination of Lyophilized products"





- Current moisture determination methods for freeze-dried pharmaceutical product (KF titration, LOD methods) give limited insight into process and product quality.
- Headspace moisture analysis is an analytical tool that can be used for formulation development, process optimization, freeze dryer qualification, and as a formal water activity test method to determine product stability.

Appropriate analytical methods needed for a robust science-based understanding of process and product quality – regulators appreciate and encourage such an approach.





Thank you for your attention!





