

Visual Inspection of Injectable Products:

Myth Busting ...

John G. Shabushnig, Ph.D. Insight Pharma Consulting, LLC



johnshabushnig@aol.com September 2023



- Inspection Myths
- Conclusions
- References and Acknowledgements







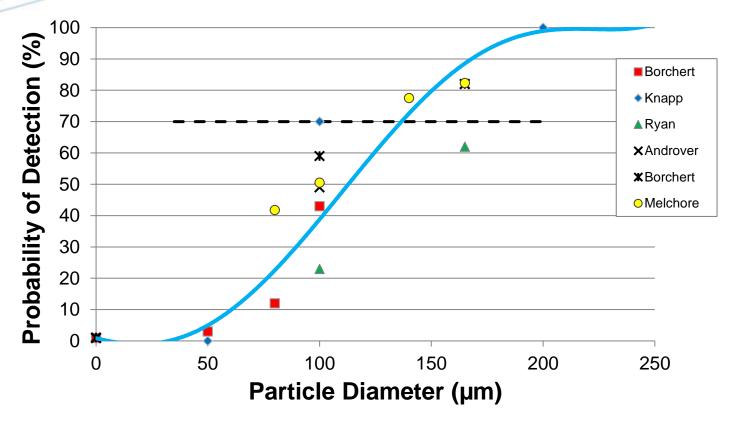
An Introduction to Visual Inspection © 2023 John G. Shabushnig



- 100% inspection means detection and elimination of all visible defects (e.g. particulate matter, cracks, etc.)
 - Inspection is a probabilistic process.
 - Detection probability is dependant on inspection conditions and defect characteristics.
 - Particles <200 um generally have a detection probability <100%.



Human Inspection Performance



From Shabushnig, Melchore, Geiger, Chrai and Gerger, PDA Annual Meeting 1995



- elimination of all visible defection and particulate matter, cracks, (tc.)
 - Inspection is a probability of process
 - Detection probable de entant on inspection condition in defect c aracteristics.
 - Particle enerally have a detection probability 200%.



- Human manual inspection is a "validatable" process.
 - Human inspectors are not we got a
 - Qualified human impactor call in vide reliable performance
 - Defined second and trailing criteria
 - Control (special conditions
 - Light Ckground, Duration
 - SOP's



- Magnification always improves human manual inspection performance.
 - Inspectors will move head position to minimize eyestrain during extended inspection, reducing apparent magnification.
 - Controlled studies have not found increased detection of particulates or container defects with 3x magnification.

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Detection Rate with Magnification

	5 mL		30 mL	
	No Mag	Mag	No Mag	Mag
Product	50.0%	37.5%	18.6%	18.6%
Container	37.5%	37.2%	45.4%	44.6%
Closure	62.3%	54.2%	72.5%	68.2%
All Defects	50.6%	46.0%	53.6%	51.4%
Good	0.5%	0.9%	2.0%	0.6%

Semi-automated inspection at 55 VPM, lyo test set, n=1000, 3x mag



- Magnification always improves human manual inspection performance.
 - Inspectors will move head by ition of inimize eyestrain during extended in ped only noticing apparent magnification.
 - Controlled straies have not round increased detection of particulates or container defects with 3x magnification



- If you use a sampling plan with an AQL of 0.1% and do not exceed the acceptant er in your sample, the defect rate is your be cowill not exceed 0.1%.
 - AQL is the Acceptable value Level and is the defect rate who ten be rejection probability is 5%. 95% of batches with the lefect rate will be accepted. This is a measure file risk of rejecting good batches.
 - The UQL is the Unacceptable Quality Level and is the defect rate where the rejection probability is 90% for the batch.



Conclusions



Conclusions

- Current industry performance is generally at or beyond the limits of medical risk.
- Compendial guidance is ambiguous, but getting better.
- "Zero defects" is a valuable goal, not a practical limit for particulate matter.
- Need to develop practical limits based on risk assessment and process capability measures.



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 May 2023



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- Control of Particulate Matter Contamination in Healthcare Manufacturing
 - Thomas A. Barber, CRC Press ©1999
- Pharmaceutical Particulate Matter; Analysis and Control
 - Thomas A. Barber, Interpharm Press ©1993
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 - Michael J. Groves, Interpharm Press ©1993



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 Lighting Handbook
 - Ed. Mark S. Rea, 9th Edition, ©2000
- Guide to Acceptance Sampling
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 Identification and Classification of Nonconformities in Molded and Tubular Glass Containers for Pharmaceutical Manufacturing: Covering Ampoules, Bottles, Cartridges, Syringes and Vials (2013)
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- US Pharmacopoeia (USP)
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 - <771> Ophthalmic Products Quality Tests
 - <787> Subvisible Particulate Matter in Therapeutic Protein Injections
 - <788> Particulate Matter in Injections
 - <789> Particulate Matter in Ophthalmic Solutions
 - <790> Visible Particulates in Injections
 - <1787> Measurement of Subvisible Particulate Matter in Therapeutic Protein Injections
 - <1788> Methods for the Determination of Particulate Matter in Injections and Ophthalmic Solutions
 - <1790> Visual Inspection of Injections



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 - 2.9.19 Particulate Contamination: Sub-Visible Particles
 - 2.9.20 Particulate Contamination: Visible Particles
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 - 6.06 Foreign Insoluble Matter Test
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- US Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 211 Food and Drugs
 - Subpart B Organization and Personnel
 - 211.25 Personnel qualifications
 - Subpart C Buildings and Facilities
 - 211.42 Design and construction features
 - 211.56 Sanitation
 - Subpart D Equipment
 - 211.63 Equipment design, size and location
 - 211.65 Equipment construction
 - 211.67 Equipment cleaning and maintenance
 - 211.68 Automatic, mechanical, and electronic equipment



- US Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 211 Food and Drugs Subpart E - Control of Component and Drug Product Containers and Closures
 - 211.80 General requirements
 - 211.84 Testing and approval or rejection of components, drug product containers, and closures
 - 211.94 Drug product containers and closures
 - Subpart F Production and Process Controls
 - 211.100 Written procedures: deviations
 - 211.110 Sampling and testing of in-process materials and drug products
 - Subpart I Laboratory Controls
 - 211.160 Laboratory controls general requirements
 - 211.165 Testing and release for distribution



- US Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 211 Food and Drugs Subpart J – Records and Reports
 - 211.188 Batch production and control records
 - 211.192 Production record review
 - 211.194 Laboratory records
 - 211.198 Complaint files
 - Subchapter F Biologics
 - 600.10 Personnel
 - 600.11 Physical establishment, equipment, animals, and care



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- WHO International Pharmacopoeia
- FDA Warning Letters and 483 Observations
 - FDA website
 - GMP Trends



Conferences and Meetings

- PDA Visual Inspection of Parenterals Interest Group
- PDA Visual Inspection Forums



Equipment Vendors

- Antares Vision
 - Brescia, Italy www.antaresvision.com
- Brevetti C.E.A., S.p.A.
 - Sovizzo, Italy www.brevetti-cea.com
- Bonfiglioli Engineering, S.r.l.
 - Vigarano Pieve, Italy
 www.bonfiglioliengineering.com
- Dabrico, Inc.
 - Kankakee, ILwww.dabrico.com
- eyetec
 - Antwerp, Belgium www.eyetec.be
- Syntegon Technology, GmbH (formerly Eisai, Bosch)
 - Waiblingen, Germany <u>www.syntegon.com</u>
- InnoScan K/S (Stevenato Group)
 - Braband, Denmark www.innoscan.dk



Equipment Vendors

Optrel (Stevenato Group)

Padova, Italy www.optrelinspection.com

Phoenix Imaging

Livonia, MI www.phoeniximaging.com

Seidenader, GmbH (Korber)

Munich, Germany www.seidenader.de

Unchained Labs (Rap.ID Particle Systems)

Pleasanton, CA www.unchainedlabs.com

Lighthouse Instruments

Charlottesville, VA www.lighthouseinstruments.com

Wilco AG

Wohlen, Switzerland www.wilco.com



Standards Vendors

Standard Particles:

Duke Scientific Corp.

Palo Alto, CA www.dukescientific.com

Mo-Sci Corp.

Rolla, MO www.mo-sci.com

National Institute of Standards (NIST)

Gaithersburg, MD www.nist.gov

Poly Sciences, Inc.

Warrington, PA www.polysciences.com



Standards Vendors

Finished Standard Containers:

Material Analytischer Service (M.A.S.)

Freiburg, Germany www.ma-service.de

Micro Measurement Laboratories, Inc.

Wheeling, ILwww.mmlabs.com

Phoenix Imaging

Livonia, MI
 www.phoeniximaging.com

Prime Results

Harrisburg, PA www.prime-results.com

SoloHill Engineering, Inc.

Ann Arbor, MI www.particlestandards.com



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Questions



Remember, everyone is an inspector ...