

Challenges from a machine supplier's perspective

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PDA Preventeral Drug Association PDA TRAINING



















Challenges for image subtraction

Tubular glass VS molded glass

Amber glass Low fills Printed containers





How does image subtraction work?



A particle has to move in order to be detected by image subtraction





Sticking particles on the plunger hamper detection rates

Plunger

Stopper

Sidewall

Needle cone













Floating particles also jeopardize image subtraction

in fill level (meniscus)



Especially for lightweight particles (e.g. hairs or plastic fibers)











Pro's & Con's of tubular glass

- 🕑 Less reflections on the glass
- An even glass sidewall
- 🚯 Better transparency
- 🕒 An even glass bottom
- 🗗 No forming lines on sidewall
- Thinner glass compared to tubular glass may break easier for large volume containers (> 50 ml)





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Pro's & Con's of molded glass

- Less uniform wall thickness
- 😑 Uneven surface
- Changing shapes
- Glass inclusions
- 😑 Glass colour changes
- Welding edges and stipple bearing surface
- More stable for large volumes (> 50 ml)













Pro's & Con's of amber glass

- Higher light intensity required
- Stronger light reflections
- Difficult detection of particle defects due to lower glass transparency





Glass protects medication against sun light

→ Assumingly, ~ 5 % of all vials are made of amber glass















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Disadvantages of low fill products

- Complicate CCIT inspection (no wetted surface)
- Make particle inspection difficult (static inspection as particles would stick on sidewall after rotation)
- Fill level inspection becomes difficult
- More space for droplets (sidewall, shoulder, neck)
- Welding edges and stipple bearing surface
- More unfilled space (waiting time after rotation)





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Printed containers

Printed containers will limit the inspection view on ...

- Fill-level
- Particles
- Sidewall
- Plunger









Overview of handling topics



Large volume containers



Unstable containers



Overlapping needle shields







Overview of handling topics



Large volume containers



Unstable containers



Overlapping needle shields





Large volume containers

Large volume products will be difficult to handle due to ...

- Weight (rotation speed limitations, vacuum holding, etc.)
- Dimensions (star wheel pocket size, space in carousel, etc.)





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Overview of handling topics







Unstable containers

Overlapping needle shields







Unstable products

Unstable containers like cartridges ...

- Could fall during the infeed, causing glass breakage
- Could fall during the outfeed into Akylux-Trays, causing glass breakage, product jam, machine stop, etc.
- Not suitable for inline transportation









Overview of handling topics



_arge volume containers



Unstable containers



Overlapping needle shields







Overlapping needle shields







Overlapping needle shields

Overlapping needle-shield or luer locks will ...

- Require high accuracy during de- & re-nesting
- Have speed limitations
- Result in a lot of space and wiggling of the syringes in the nest
- Face the risk that the overlapping needle shield will pull the nest upwards
- Syringes stand at an angle in the nest after being lifted by the lifting station







Thank you!

