Data Integrity, Data Analysis and Monitoring







Contents

- Regulatory requirements and guidelines
- ALCOA
- Data Integrity for computer, paper and hybrid systems
- Control of meta-data
- Data integrity strategies for compliance
- Checking for Data Integrity issues in practice

Contents



- Article 9: Documentation
 - The manufacturer shall be obliged to establish and maintain a documentation system based upon specifications, manufacturing formulae and processing and packaging instructions, procedures and records covering the various manufacturing operations performed
 - The documentation system shall ensure data quality and integrity

- Article 9: Documentation
 - Documents shall be clear, free from error and kept up to date
 - Pre-established procedures for general manufacturing operations and conditions shall be kept available, together with specific documents for the manufacture of each batch
 - That set of documents shall enable the history of the manufacture of each batch to be traced

- Article 9: Documentation
 - The manufacturer shall be required to retain the batch documentation for at least 1 year after the expiry date of the batches to which it relates or at least 5 years after the certification referred to in Article 51(3) of Directive 2001/83/EC, whichever is the longer period



- Article 9: Documentation
 - When electronic, photographic or other data processing systems are used instead of written documents, the manufacturer shall be required to first validate the systems by showing that the data will be appropriately stored during the anticipated period of storage



- Article 9: Documentation
 - Data stored by those systems shall be made readily available in legible form and shall be provided to the competent authorities upon request
 - The electronically stored data shall be protected, by techniques such as duplication or back-up and transfer to another storage system, against unlawful access, loss or damage of data, and audit trails shall be maintained



So what is Data Integrity?

"Data integrity is the degree to which data are complete, consistent, accurate, trustworthy, reliable and that these characteristics of the data are maintained throughout the data life cycle. The data should be collected and maintained in a secure manner, so that they are attributable, legible, contemporaneously recorded, original (or a true copy) and accurate"

Data Integrity in EU GMP

1.	Pharmaceutical Quality System	New	2013
2.	Personnel	New	2014
3.	Premises & equipment	New	2015
4.	Documentation	New	2011
5.	Production	New	2015
6.	Quality Control	New	2014
7.	Outsourced activities	New	2013
8.	Complaints, Defects & Product Recalls	New	2015
9	Self inspection		

- Updated *slightly* to cover the increasing use of computer systems
- Computer systems to be validated and controlled

Data Integrity in EU GMP – The annexes

- 1. Sterile manufacturing
- 2. Biological products
- 3. Radiopharmaceuticals
- 4. Veterinary medicinal products
- 5.Immunological veterinary products
- 6. Medicinal gases
- 7. Herbal medicinal products
- 8. Sampling of starting materials
- 9. Liquids, creams & ointments
- 10. Metered dose inhalers

Data Integrity in EU GMP – The annexes

11.Computerised systems

- 12. Use of ionizing radiation
- 13. Investigational medicinal products
- 14. Products derived from blood
- 15. Qualification and validation
- 16. Certification by a QP
- 17. Parametric release
- 18. Withdrawn
- 19. Reference samples
- 20. Withdrawn
- 21. Importation of medicinal products

Data Integrity in EU GMP – The annexes 11.Computerised systems

- Only makes a passing reference to Data Integrity:
- 1. Risk Management:

Risk management should be applied throughout the lifecycle of the computerised system taking into account patient safety, data integrity and product quality. As part of a risk management system, decisions on the extent of validation and data integrity controls should be based on a justified and documented risk assessment of the computerised system.

Remember – GMP are guidelines

"It is recognised that there are acceptable methods, other than those described in the Guide, which are capable of achieving the principles of Quality Assurance. The guide is not intended to place any restraint upon the development of any new concepts or technologies which have been validated and which provide a level of Quality Assurance at least equivalent to those set out in this guide"



So what is Data Integrity?









Data Integrity BACKGROUND



















Where does it apply?

Paper based systems



Computer based systems



Hybrid systems

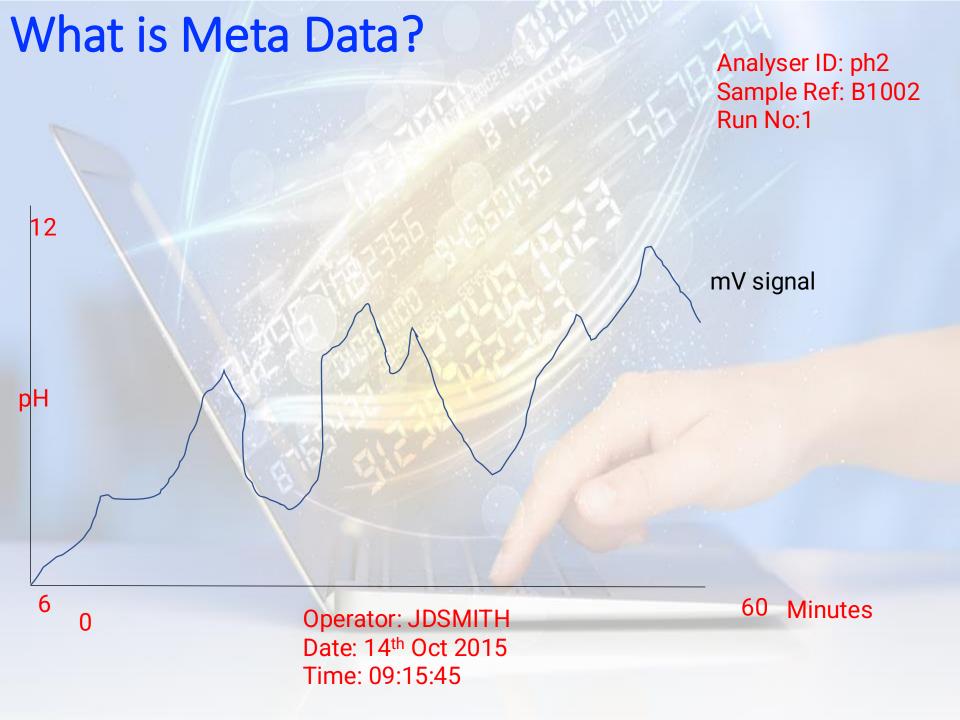


Don't forget the meta data

What is Meta Data?

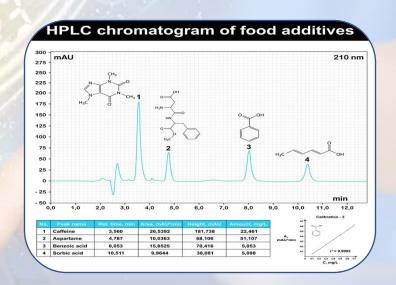
Take a simple analysis trace





Data Integrity TODAY

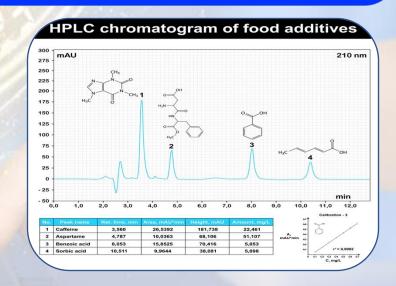




Data Integrity TODAY

- System might delete data when memory starts to run out
- You need to know this and have a way of keeping the data elsewhere
- Plus, keep a record of when an item of equipment is used and for what purpose
- Including any stopped or aborted runs





Data Integrity

- A Attributable to the person generating the data
- L Legible and permanent
- C Contemporaneous
- O Original record (or certified true copy)
- A Accurate

Data Integrity ALCOA +

- A Attributable to the person generating the data
- L Legible and permanent
- C Contemporaneous
- O Original record (or certified true copy)
- A Accurate

Complete: the data must be whole; a complete set

Consistent: the data must be self-consistent

Enduring: durable; lasting throughout the data lifecycle

Available: readily available for review or inspection purposes

Any questions?



Spreadsheets

- Are useful, simple and cheap to use
 - Often first created by an individual
- Potential problems:
 - No audit trail for:
 - When data was added
 - Changes (overwriting of data)
 - Who altered any data



Spreadsheets

- Potential problems:
 - The accuracy of calculations
 - Plus altering them
 - The saving of data
 - Often on a general server with access to a whole group people
 - Can it be deleted?

• Is data archived in the same way as paperbased records?

Primary Records and True Copies

- Batch records are never totally computerised
- Paper forms and records used for certain activities
 - Line clearance sheets
 - Sterilisation charts
 - Printouts
- These are Primary Records
 - You may keep these
 - You may scan or copy these
 - Both



Primary Records and True Copies

- Copy or scan is a True Copy
 - Only if an exact copy

- Need to control what you do with these
 - Especially if not stored with the computerbased record



Reporting DI issues

- Incorporate data integrity assessment and Reporting into self-inspection program
- Ensure a system is in place to record data integrity issues (e.g. CAPA)
 - Data integrity issues
 - Have had a problem
 - Data integrity weaknesses
 - An issue but no evidence of a problem

Reporting DI issues

- Reprocessing of events
- Does anything look strange here?

Sample name	Acquisition time		Filename	
Volt.@100 Run 1	14:12:19	120215.003.rst	110809-173718.rst	
Volt.@100 Run 2	14:18:10	120215-004.rst		
Volt.@100 Run 5	14:29:19	120215-007.rst		
Volt.@100 Run 5	14:36:07	120215-007-20		
Volt.@100 Run 6	14:39:58	120215-008.rst		
Volt.@100 inj acc	14:43:58	120215-009.rst		

Avoid "Testing into Compliance"



Data Integrity strategy

- It starts at the top Management Led
- Have a Policy on Data Integrity
- Know what systems you have
- Know where you have weaknesses
 - Plan to deal with these

Data Integrity strategy

- Train personnel in DI
- An open approach for reporting DI concerns
- Look for DI issues during Internal Audits
- Look for DI issues during External Audits
- Look for DI issues with any new projects

Any questions?





References

- EU GMP Directives and Guidelines:
- https://ec.europa.eu/health/documents/eudralex/vol-4 en
- Many regulatory authorities have produced Data Integrity Guidance documents:
- FDA:
- https://www.fda.gov/regulatory-information/search-fda-guidance-documents/data-integrity-and-compliance-drug-cgmp-questions-and-answers-guidance-industry
- EMA:
- https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/news/data-integrity-key-public-health-protection
- PICS:
- https://picscheme.org/en/news?itemid=33
- WHO:
- https://www.who.int/medicines/news/emp-data-integrity-guide/en/
- MHRA (UK):
- https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/guidance-on-gxp-data-integrity

