



Implementing the Falsified Medicines Directive:

Changes to the EU Regulatory Framework for APIs

Unit "Quality, Safety and Efficacy of Medicinal Products"

European Commission

ICH Q7
Training Course





Outline

- Falsified medicines legislation
- API:
 - Rationale and summary of the new EU rules
 - State of play
 - Taking stock





Directive on Falsified Medicines – FMD

2011/62/EU (in force since January 2013)

Manufacturers of active substances

- New rules for import of APIs:
 - ✓Written confirmation on GMP or
 - √Country is listed by the Commission
- Registration of API stakeholders
- Strengtened API inspections
- GMP and GDP for APIs

Manufacturers of medicines

- Safety features
 - ✓Unique identifier
 - ✓Anti-tampering device
 - ✓On prescription medicinal products
- On-site audit of API manufacturers
- GMP for certain excipients

Distributors

- Obligation to report incidents of falsification
- EU database of all authorised distributors
- New GDP guidelines

Online pharmacies

- Common logo / trust mark
- Awareness campaign

Health and Consumers



EU RULES FOR ACTIVE PHARMACEUTICAL INGREDIENTS



Definition of API

Any substance or mixture of substances intended to be used in the manufacture of a medicinal product and that, when used in its production, becomes an active ingredient of that product intended to exert a pharmacological, immunological or metabolic action with a view to restoring, correcting or modifying physiological functions or to make a medical diagnosis.



New Rules on API import Starting point:

- Trust and cooperation between regulators in key regions
- Not "identical rules" as in the EU, but "equivalent protection"
- Internationally-accepted guidelines (ICH, WHO, PIC/S)





New Rules on API import Objectives:

> Objectives:

- Increased compliance with good manufacturing practices for all API manufacturers;
- Adding official oversight to the business-to-business controls
- Promote dialogue and cooperation on good manufacturing practices at global level.





Non-EU country

"Written confirmation" needed

unless:

➤ Non-EU country is 'listed' ("waiver 1")

or, exceptionally*

➤ EU GMP certificate following inspection by an EU country ("waiver 2")

EU country

* to secure supplies of medicines





New Rules on API import "Written Confirmation":

- Confirming compliance of the plant with GMP or equivalent rules
- Issued by the competent authority of the exporting non-EU country
- Issued per site and API (not per batch or consignment)
- One written confirmation can cover several APIs
- Duration of validity is established by exporting non-EU country
- > Template is here:

http://ec.europa.eu/health/files/eudralex/vol-4/2012_06_19_template.pdf





"Waiver 1": non-EU country is "listed"

List is set up by the European Commission following a request from a non-EU country

The list is based on an **assessment** of equivalence of:

- GMP rules
- Regularity of inspections
- Effectiveness of enforcement of GMP
- Rapid alert system for non-compliant producers





"Listing"

So far, nine countries have submitted requests, 6 have been listed, 2 assessments are ongoing

- CH, AUS, JPN, US, BRA and IL have been listed;
- SGP has not been listed for the moment;
- NZ and KOR assessments are on-going.





"Waiver 2": "Exceptional circumstances"

"Exceptionally", and where this is necessary to ensure the availability of medicines, the need for the written confirmation can be waived by a EU Member State if a EU Member State has inspected the plant and found it compliant.

To date, 16 Member States are using this waiver





STATE OF PLAY



New Rules on API import State of Play:

- Rules smoothly entered into force on 2 July 2013
- Most API sites are covered with written confirmation or exempted because of "listing" of the non-EU country.
- The **renewal** of written confirmations is also proceeding timely, without disruption of supply.
 - We encourage third countries to renew written confirmations on the basis of new inspections
- The Commission is following-up with third country authorities the **GMP non-compliance** of API sites covered by W-Cs.





New Rules on API import Taking stock (I):

SUCCESS STORY!

- No shortages (but we stay vigilant).
- Improved monitoring of APIs at EU level (inspections, registration of manufacturers, distributors and brokers).
- Increased compliance to GMP for API at EU and international level – increased awareness and surveillance.
- Improved communication with EU national competent authorities and industry on APIs.





New Rules on API import Taking stock (II):

SUCCESS STORY!

- Strengthened regulatory dialogue with non-EU countries to:
 - Fight GMP-non compliance;
 - Increase regulatory supervision of API sites;
 - Promote awareness and training on the new EU rules.



FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS



Do I need a written confirmation to import a substance X into the EU?

Whether a written confirmation is needed or not to import a specific substance into the EU depends on the final use of the substance.

A written confirmation is only required if the substance is to be used as active pharmaceutical ingredient in the production of medicines.





What happens when an API site covered by a written confirmation is found GMP non-compliant by a EU authority?

A statement of non-compliance (NCS) is issued and entered in the publicly accessible database EudraGMDP: http://eudragmdp.eudra.org/inspections/gmpc/index.do

A NCS supersedes the corresponding written confirmation (if it exists) issued by the non-EU country.

In practice:

EU Member States will suspend the acceptance of the written confirmation for the site in question until GMP compliance is restored.





Additional information published by the European Commission

- "Questions-and-answers" document: http://ec.europa.eu/health/humanuse/quality/index_en.htm
- ➤ Information leaflet: http://ec.europa.eu/health/files/documents/active_pharmaceutical_ingredients_leaflet_en.pdf





Thank you

sante-pharmaceuticals-d6@ec.europa.eu (new email!!!)