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# **Corrective and Preventive Actions**

**“A Five Step Approach”**

**Tonya White-Salters**

## Topics to Be Covered

- **What is CAPA?**
- **Governing authority**
- **Five steps to a good CAPA process**
- **Where companies have difficulty**
- **Example citations**
- **Recap...**

# What Is CAPA?

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- Corrective Action
  - eliminate detected nonconformity
- Preventive Action
  - prevent nonconformity occurrence

# CAPA Process Map

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**Deviations/OOS/Failure  
Problem Occurs**



**Determine Root Cause**



**Determine Corrective Action**



**Initiate CAR**



# CAPA Process Map

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**CAR Respondent(s) and Approver(s) Determined**



**Respondent(s) Provides Corrective Responses, Root Cause Verification, and Implement Due Dates**



**Response(s) Summarized**



# CAPA Process Map

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**Response(s) Approved**



**Corrective Action  
Implementation begins  
Respondent(s) review similar  
systems for Preventive Action  
Opportunities  
Effectiveness review date set**



# CAPA Process Map

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**Respondent(s) sign-off when implementation is complete**



**Effectiveness is reviewed and signed-off**



**CAR Closed**

# Governing Authority, FDA CFR

## Part 211- Finished Pharmaceuticals

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- **Subpart J – Records and Reports**

- **211.192** “Any unexplained discrepancy shall be thoroughly investigated. The investigation shall extend to other batches ...that may have been associated with the specific failure or discrepancy. A written record of the investigation shall be made and shall include conclusions and follow-up.”



# Governing Authority, ICH Q7A – Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients

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## 6.5 - Batch Production Records

**6.53** - “Written procedures should be established for investigating critical deviations or batch failures of intermediate or API to meet specifications. Investigations should extend to other batches.”

# **Governing Authority, FDA CFR Part 820 - Quality System Regulation**

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## **Subpart J - Corrective and Preventive Action**

- (a) Manufacturer shall establish procedures for implementing corrective and preventive action. The procedures shall include requirements for:**

# Governing Authority, FDA CFR Part 820 - Quality System Regulation

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## Subpart J – CAPA cont.

- (1) “Analyzing processes, work operations, concessions, quality audit reports, quality records, service records, complaints, returned product” ... “**identify** existing and potential causes of nonconforming product, or other quality problems” ... “statistical methodology shall be employed to detect **recurring quality problems**”

# **Governing Authority, FDA CFR Part 820 - Quality System Regulation**

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## **Subpart J - Corrective and Preventive Action**

- (2) “Investigating the cause of nonconformities relating to product, processes, and the quality system;”**

# **Governing Authority, FDA CFR Part 820 - Quality System Regulation**

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**“Identify action(s) needed to correct and prevent recurrence of nonconforming product and other quality problems;”**

**(4) Verifying or validating the corrective and preventive action to ensure actions are effective;”**

# **Governing Authority, FDA CFR Part 820 - Quality System Regulation**

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## **Subpart J - Corrective and Preventive Action**

- (5) “Implement and record changes in methods and procedures needed to correct and prevent identified quality problems;**

# **Governing Authority, FDA CFR Part 820 - Quality System Regulation**

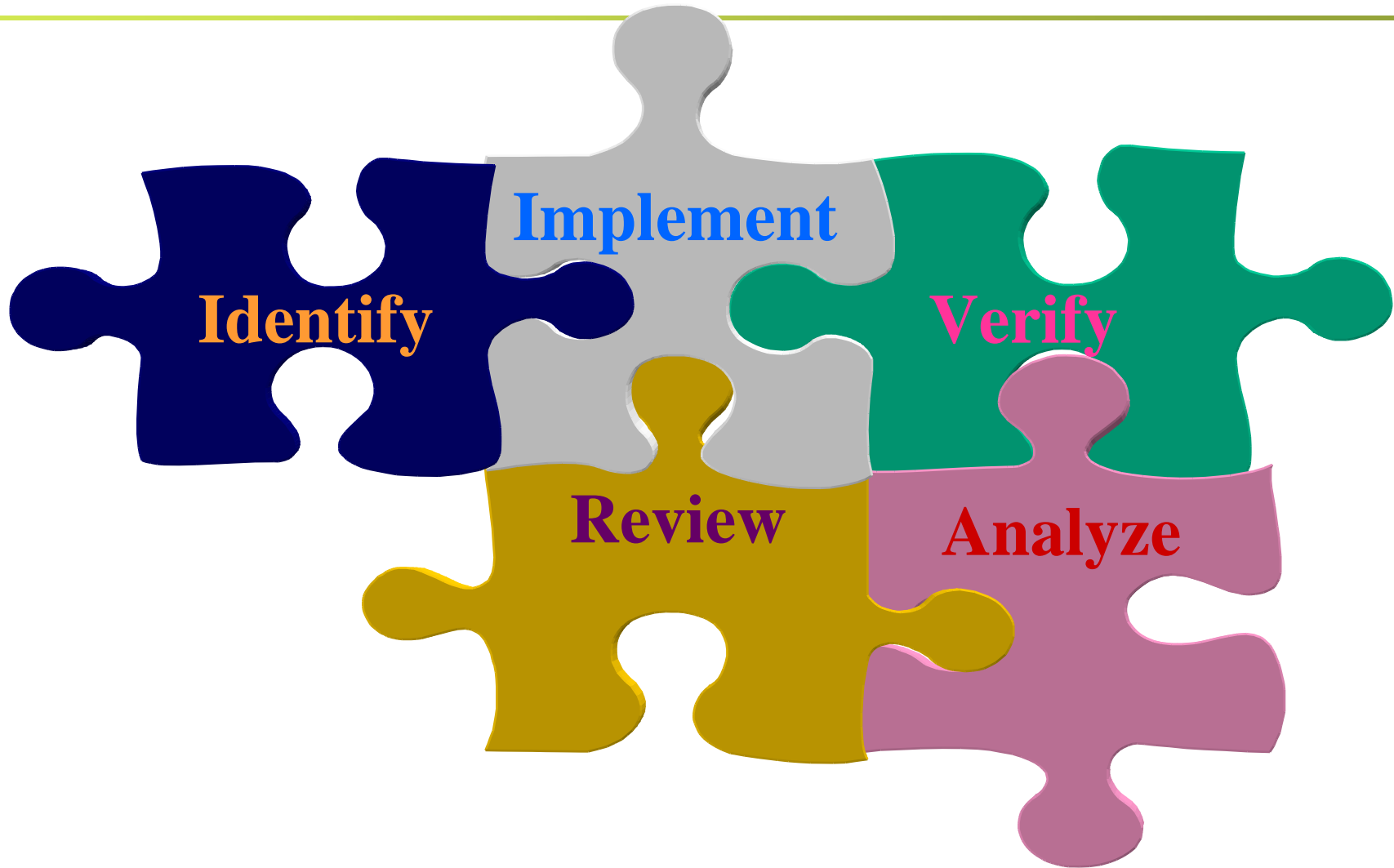
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## **Subpart J - Corrective and Preventive Action**

**(7) Submitting relevant information on  
corrective and preventive actions, for  
management review.**

# Five Step Approach

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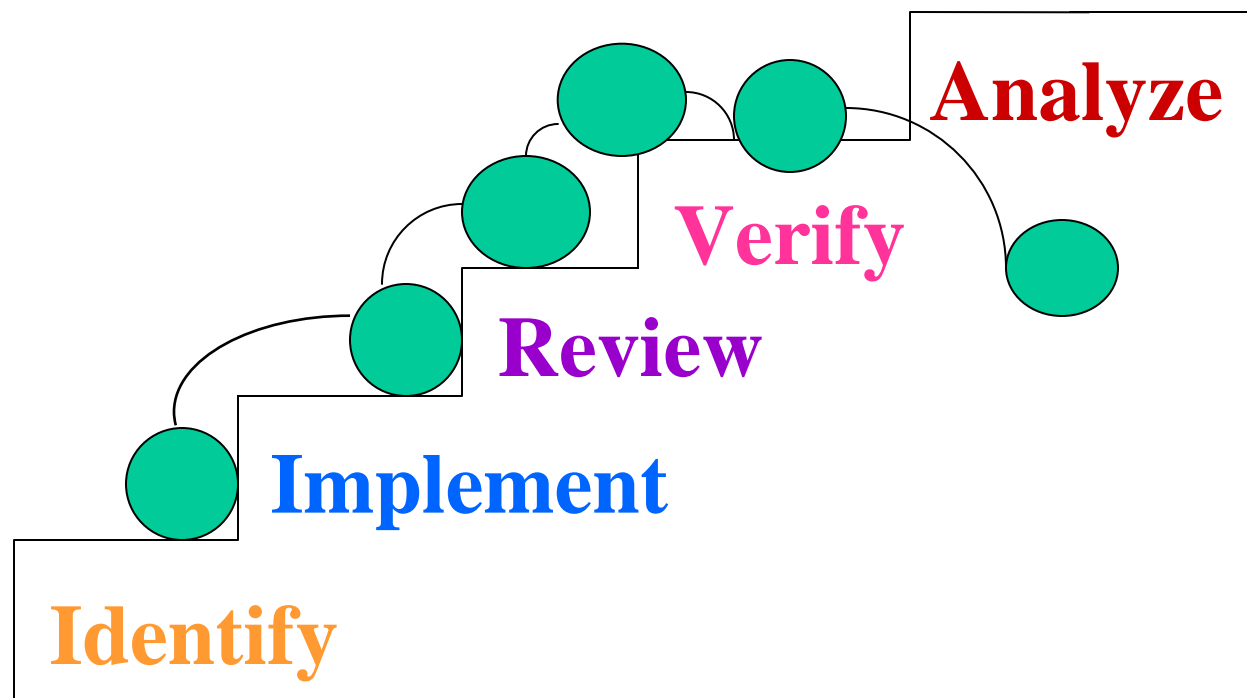
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# Where Companies Have Difficulty

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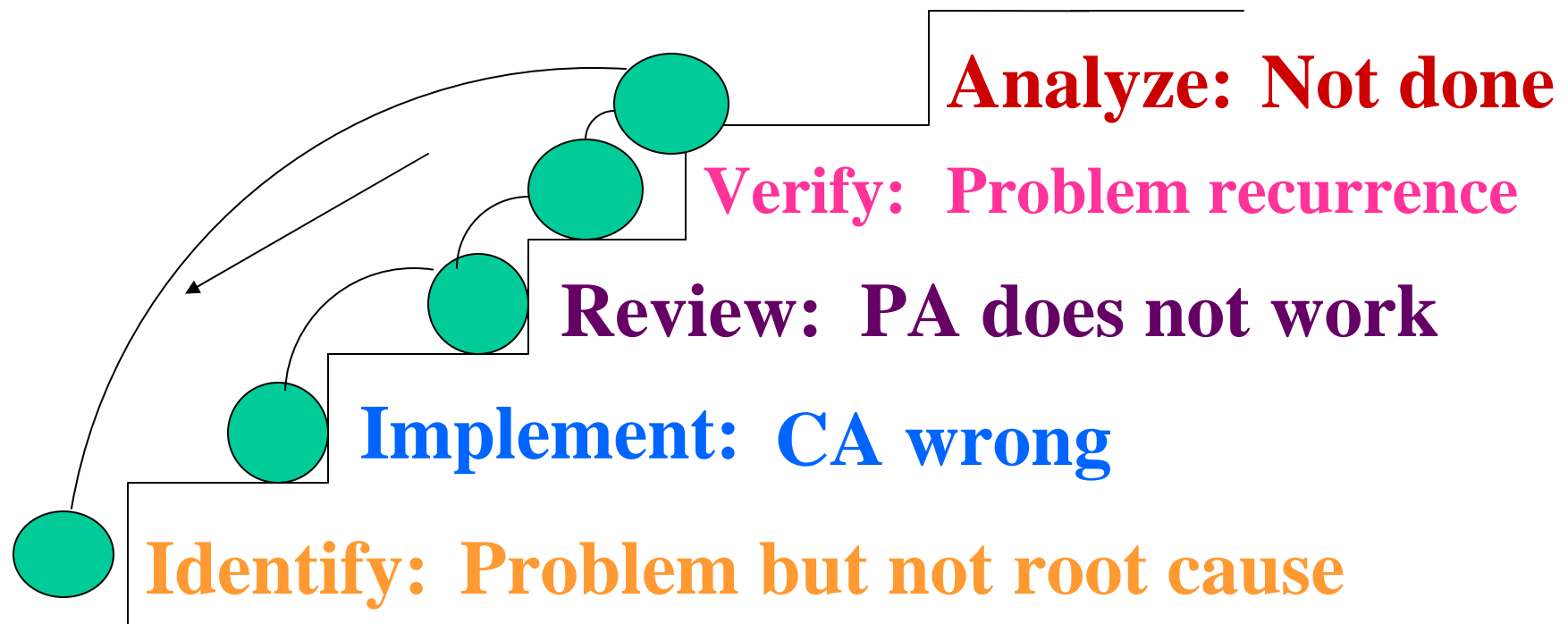
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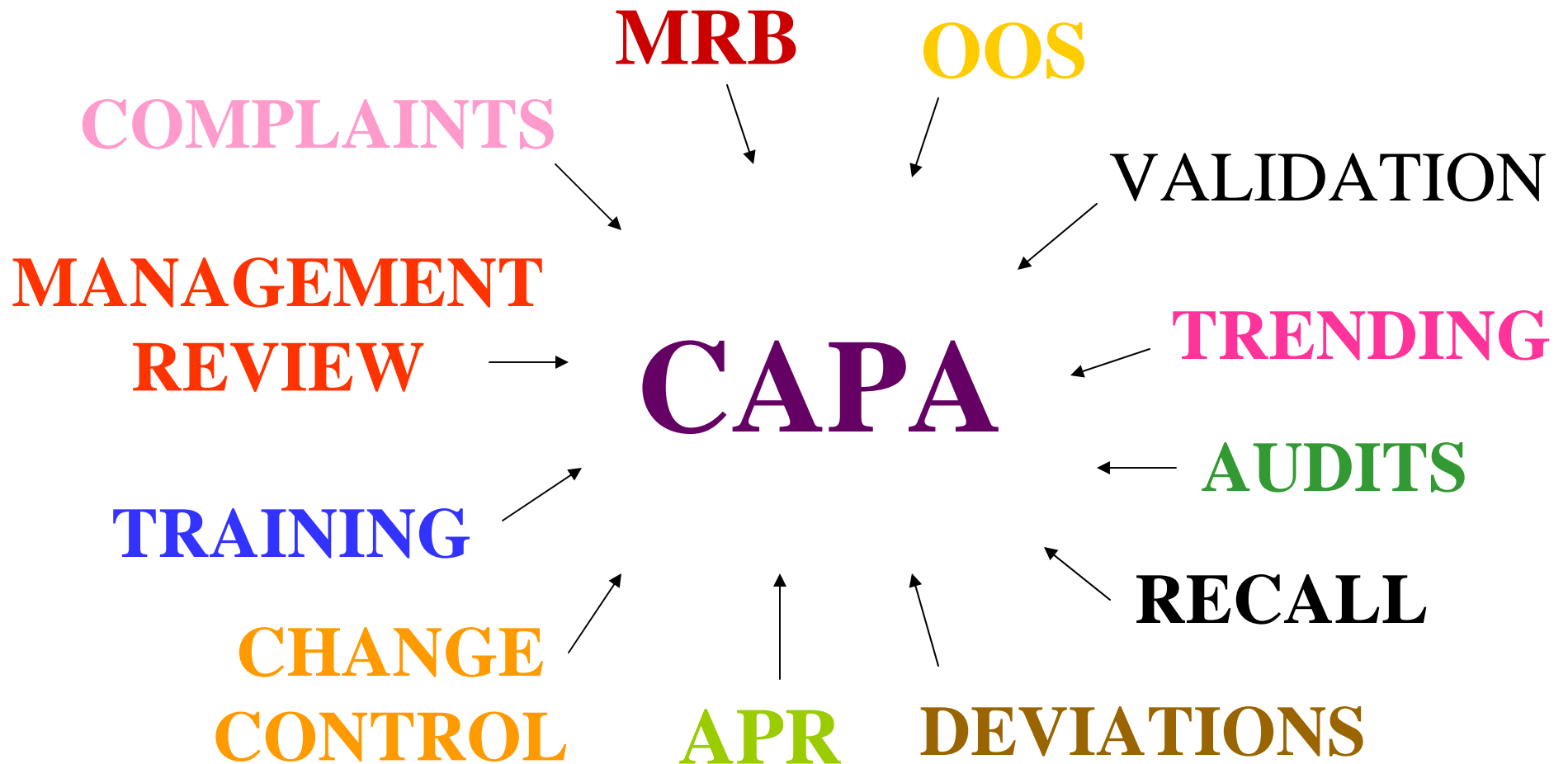
# Why? Incorrect Root Cause Identified!

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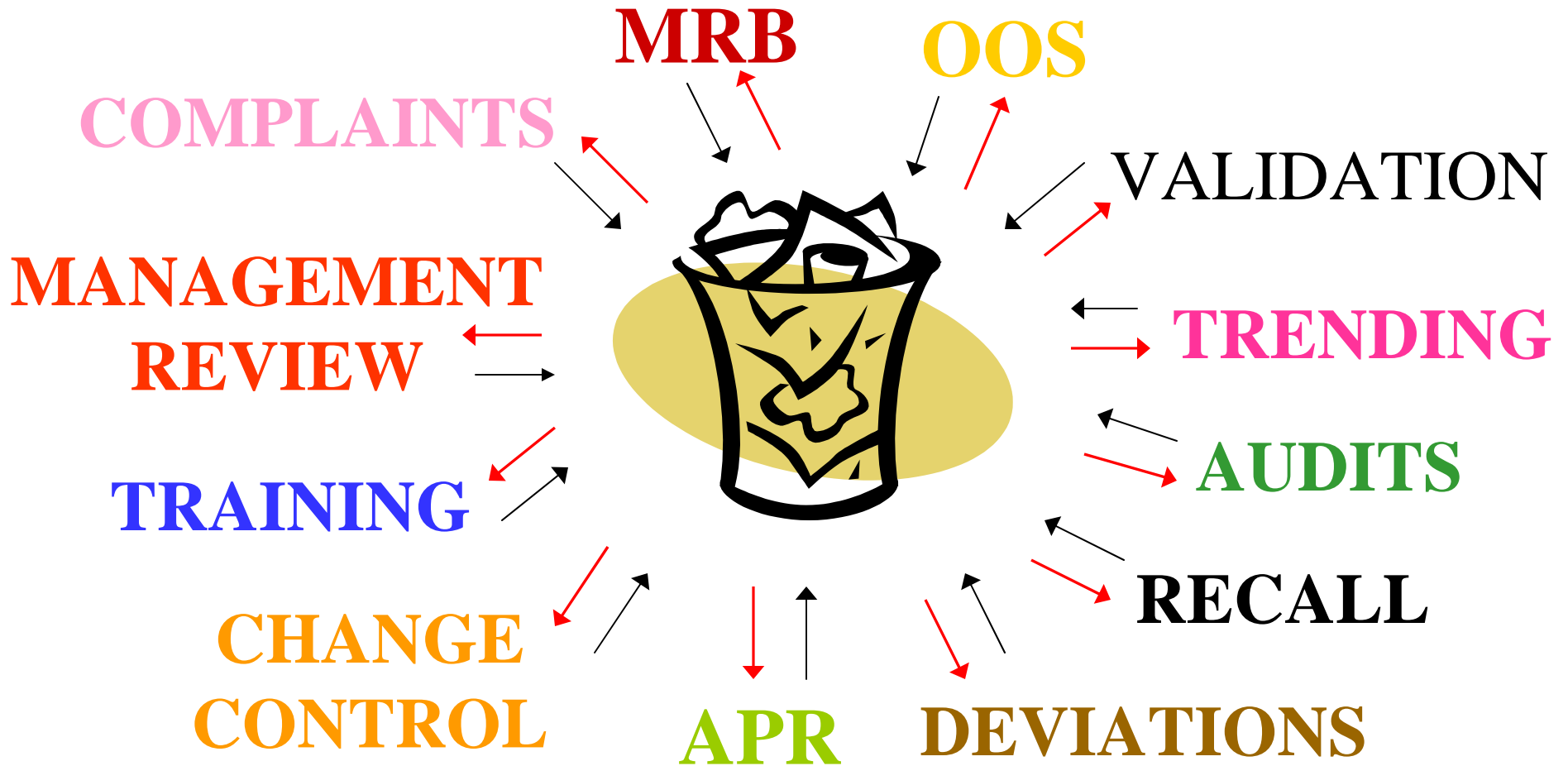
# CAPA Subsystems

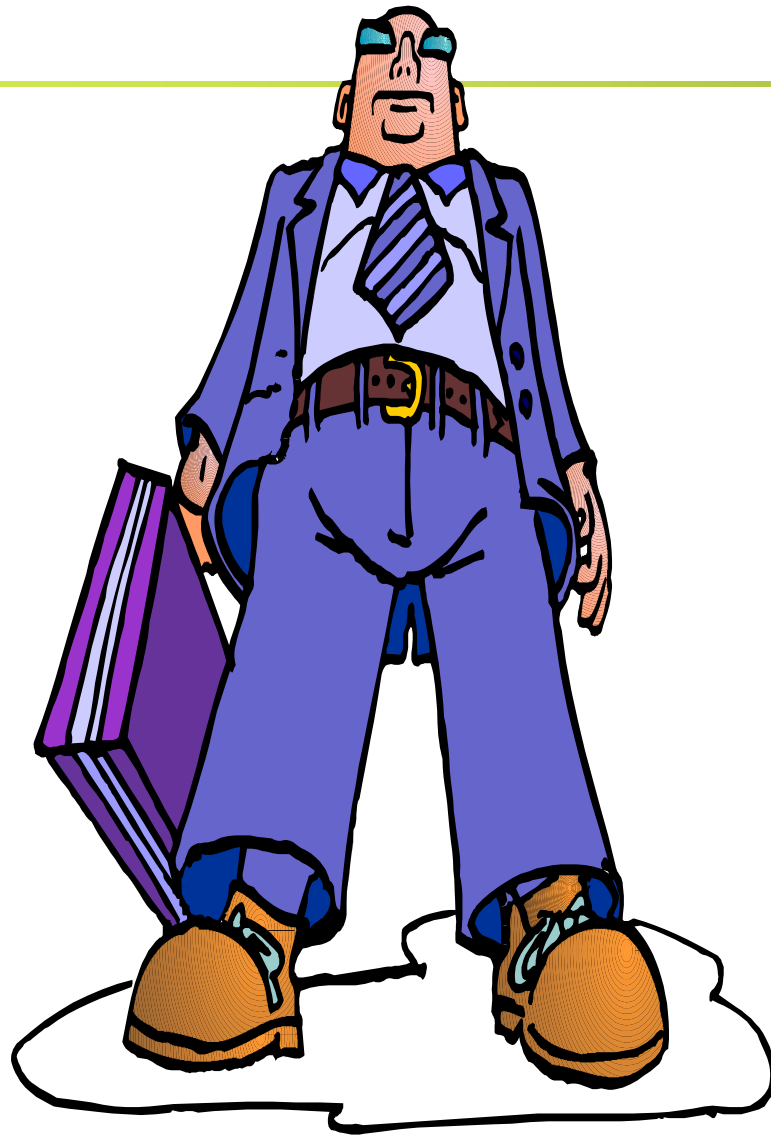
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# CAPA Subsystems

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# Example Citations

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# Example Citations - CDER

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**Failure to implement corrective/preventive action or conduct a thorough investigation**

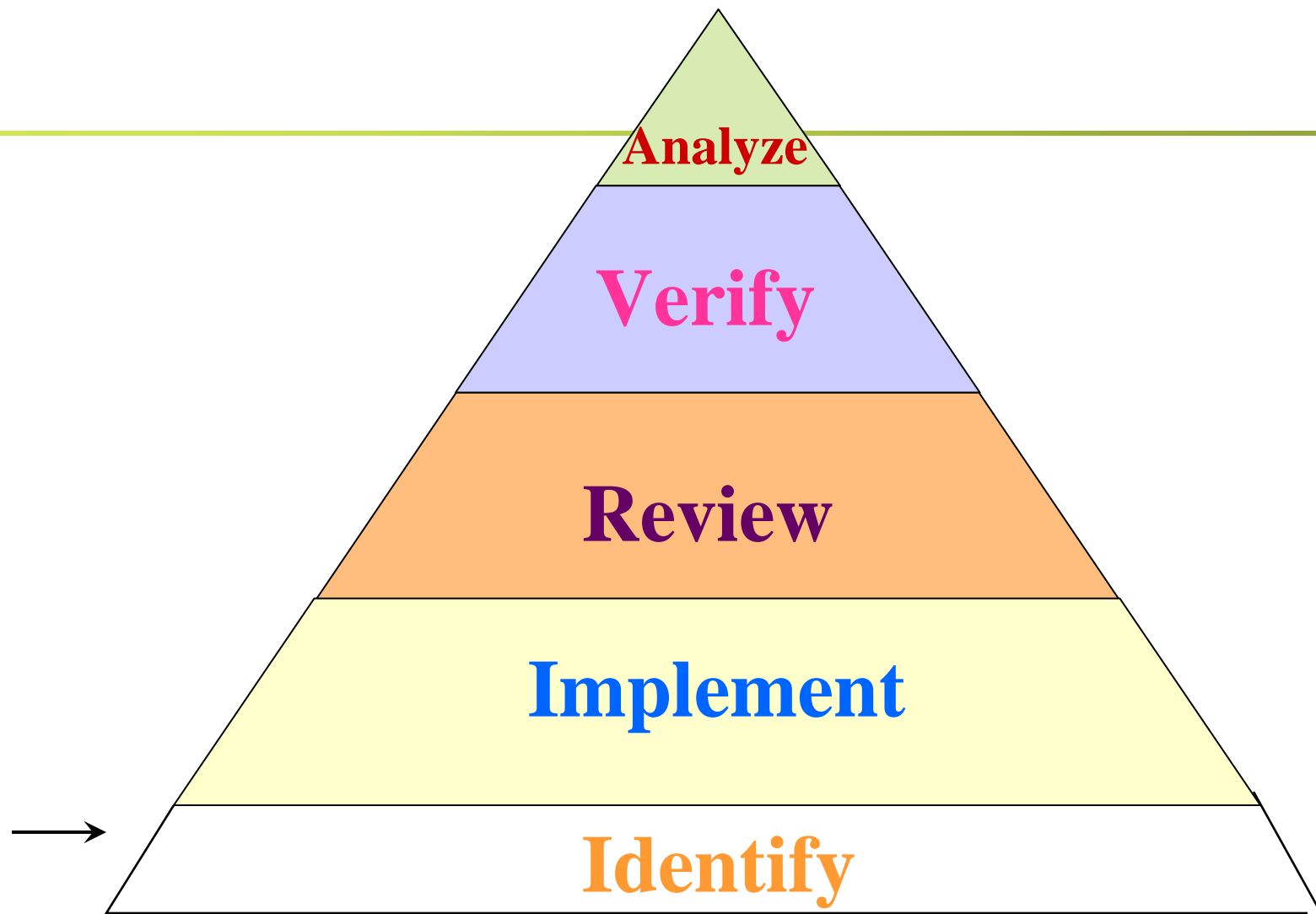
**– 21 CFR 211.192**

**– 21 CFR 820.100**

## **Examples**

**Repeated test failures not investigated**

**Inadequate investigation of failed particulate inspection**

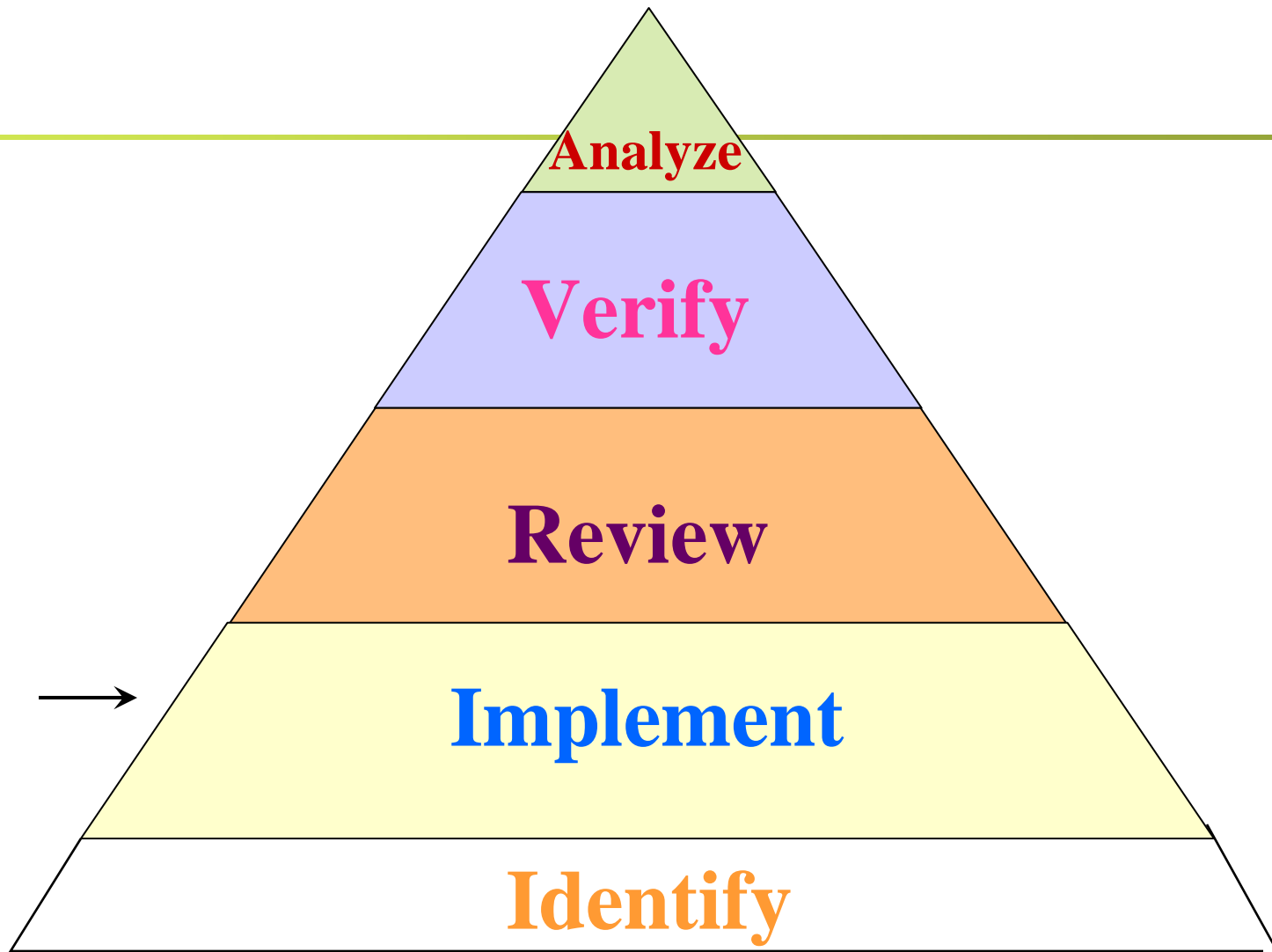


# Example Citation – CDER –Q7A

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- “Failure to document corrective action regarding instrument calibration check which did not meet specification”

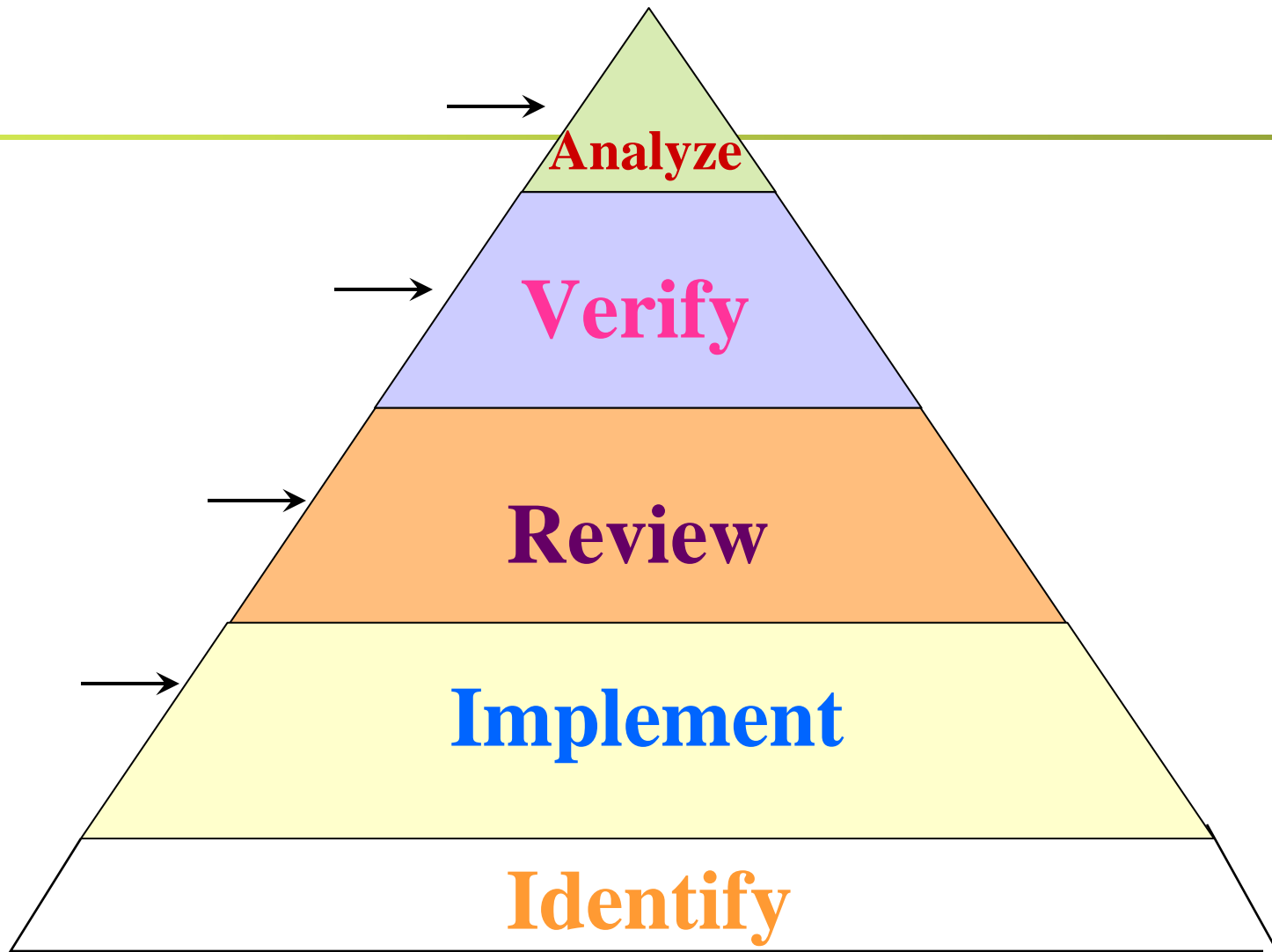




# Example Citation - CBER

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- Failure to establish and maintain adequate procedures for implementing corrective and preventive action, as required by 21 CFR 820.100(a) and (b). For-example:
- (a) The procedure titled corrective Action Handling [redacted] was not approved and implemented to address corrective and preventive action and no established procedure was found to have been in place.

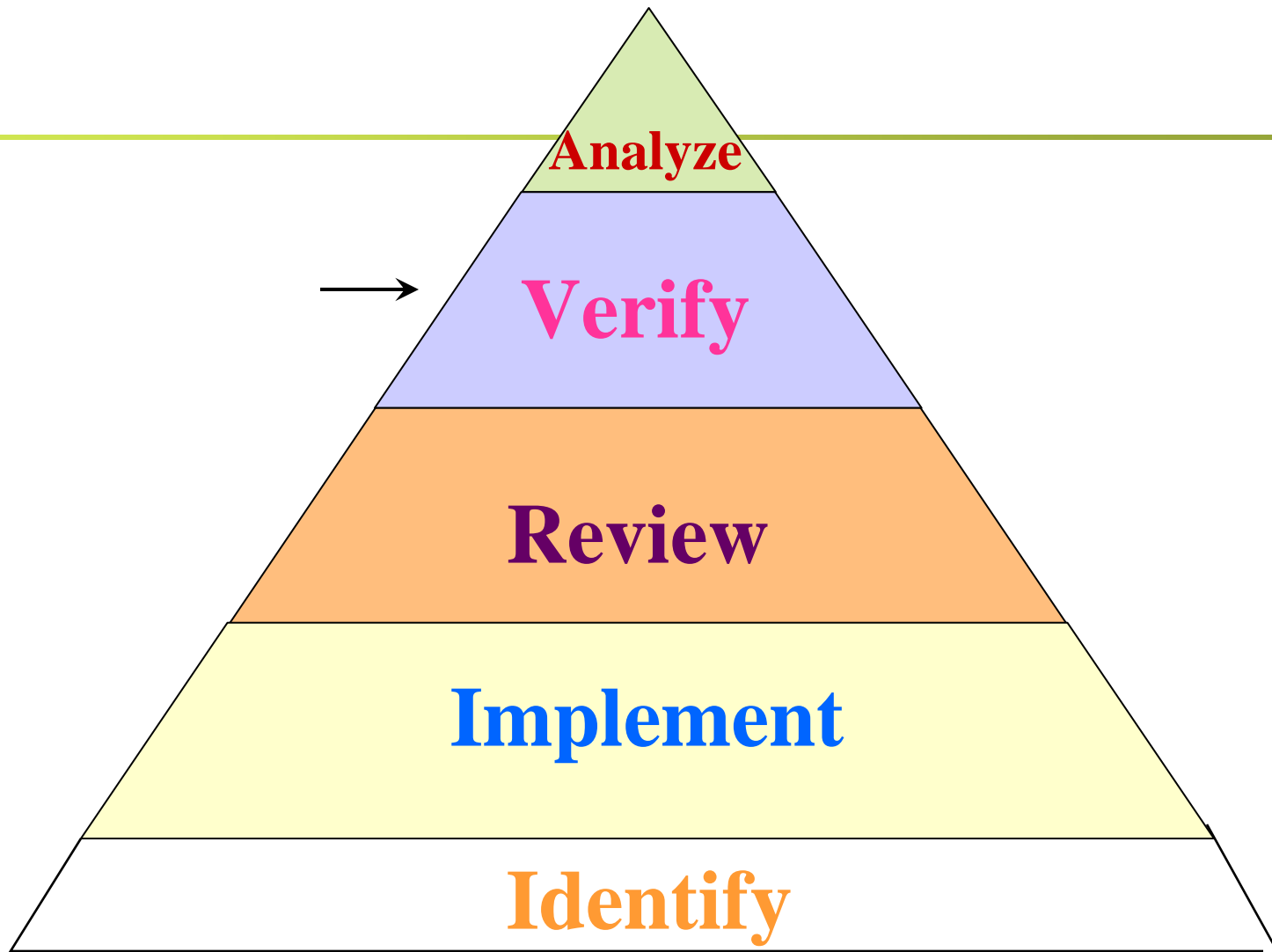


# Example Citation - CDRH

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“Failure to adequately establish and maintain procedures for implementing corrective and preventive actions as required by 21 CFR 820.100(a)(1)”

Example : a. “Corrective Action Request # & # were not closed out by the QC Supervisor as required by (SOP) Corrective and Preventive Action, Rev 1; and

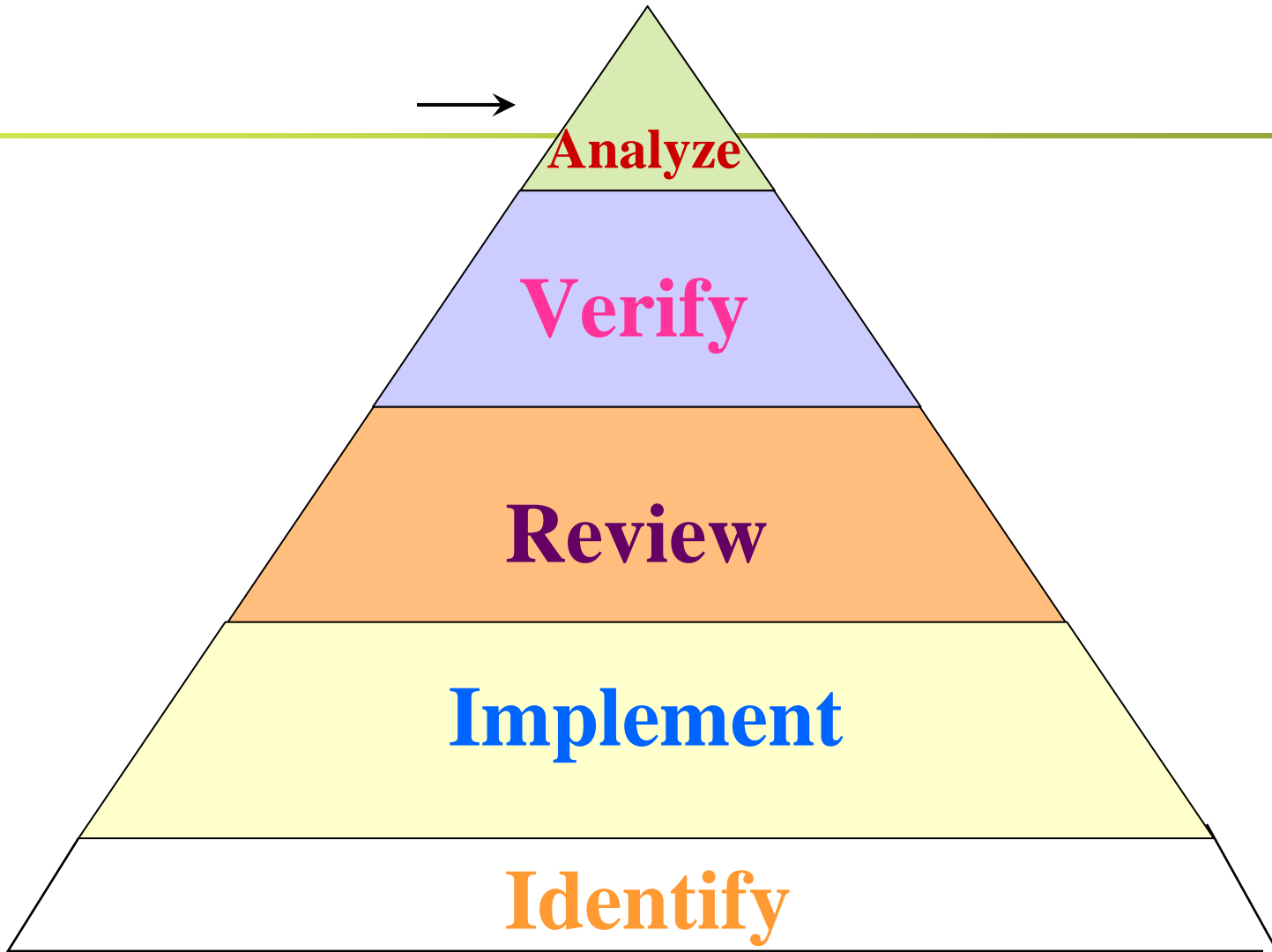


# Example Citation - CDRH

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“Failure to adequately establish and maintain procedures for implementing corrective and preventive actions as required by 21 CFR 820.100(a)(1)”

Example :(b) (SOP) Corrective and Preventive Action, identifies repair reports as a source for identification of potential CAPA activities; however, repair reports are not being trended or reviewed for CAPA



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# RECAP

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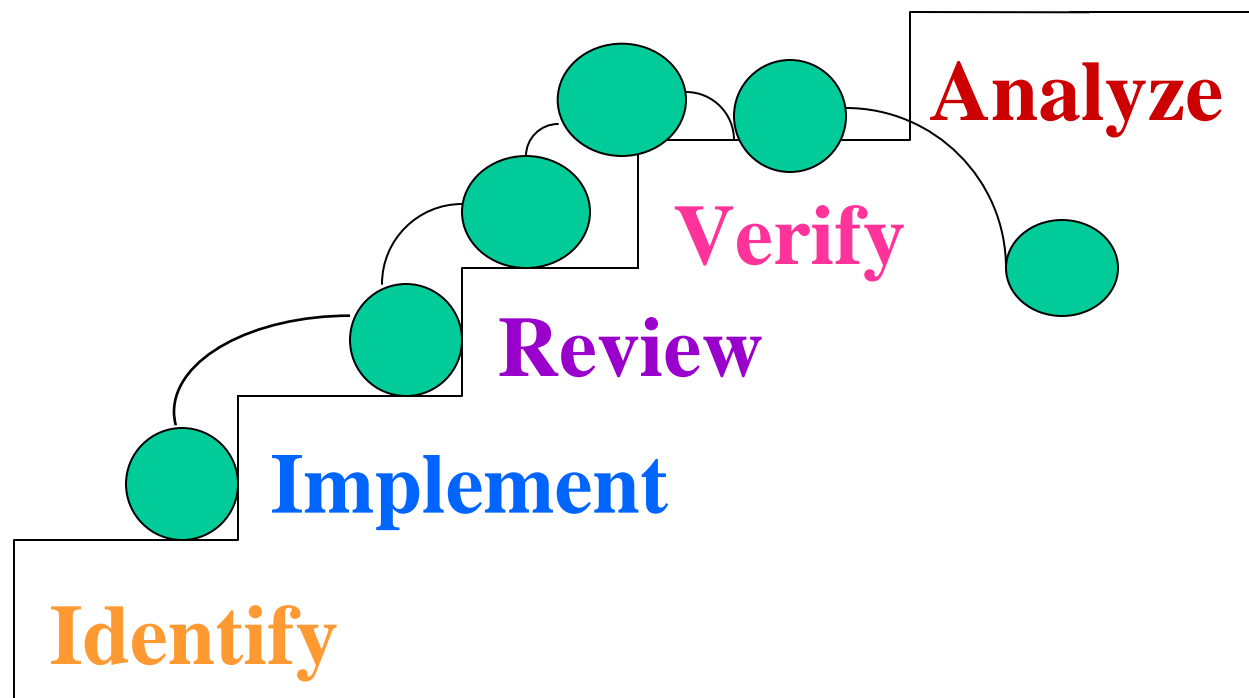
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# Recap

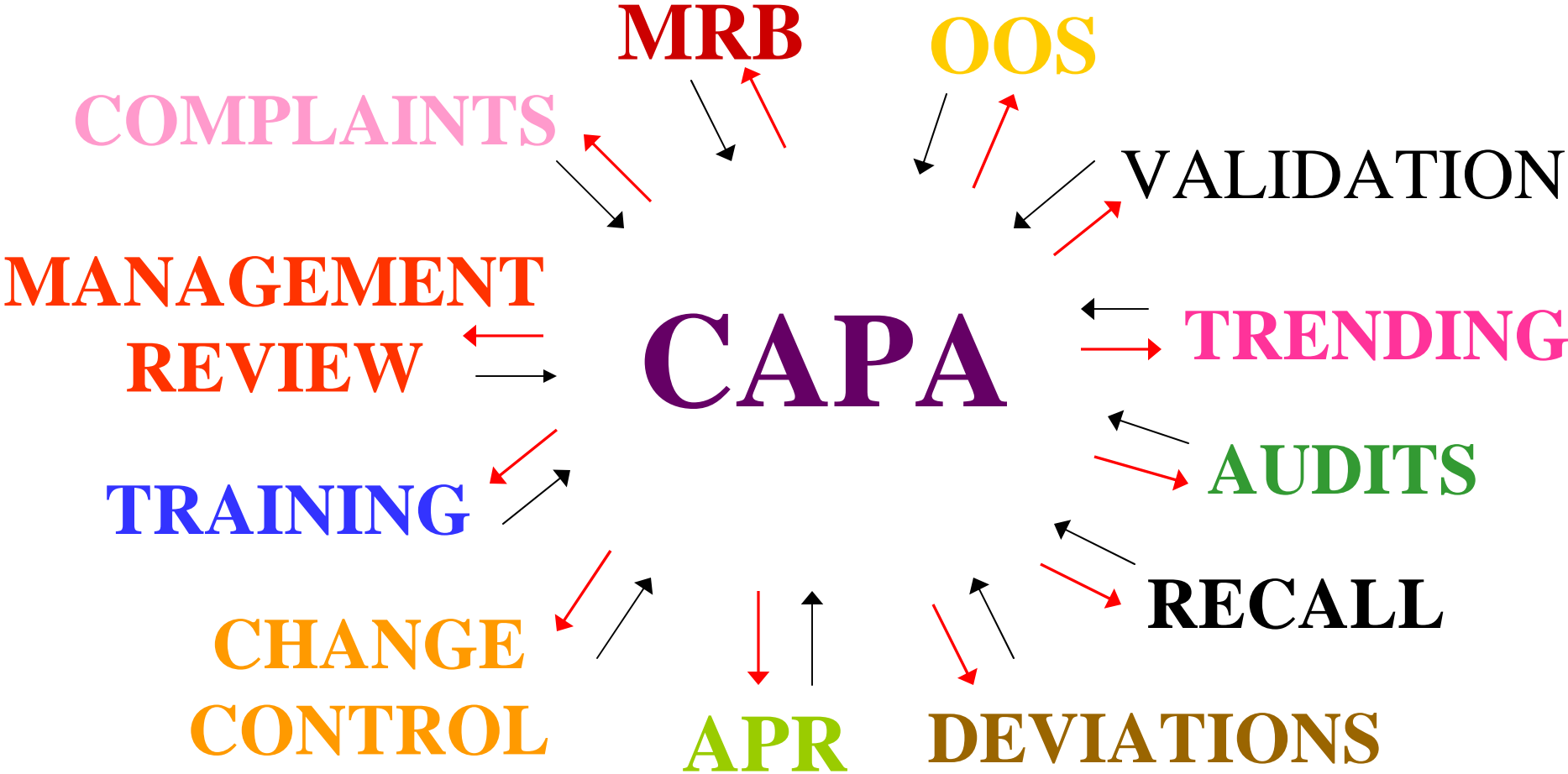
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## LACK OF ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS



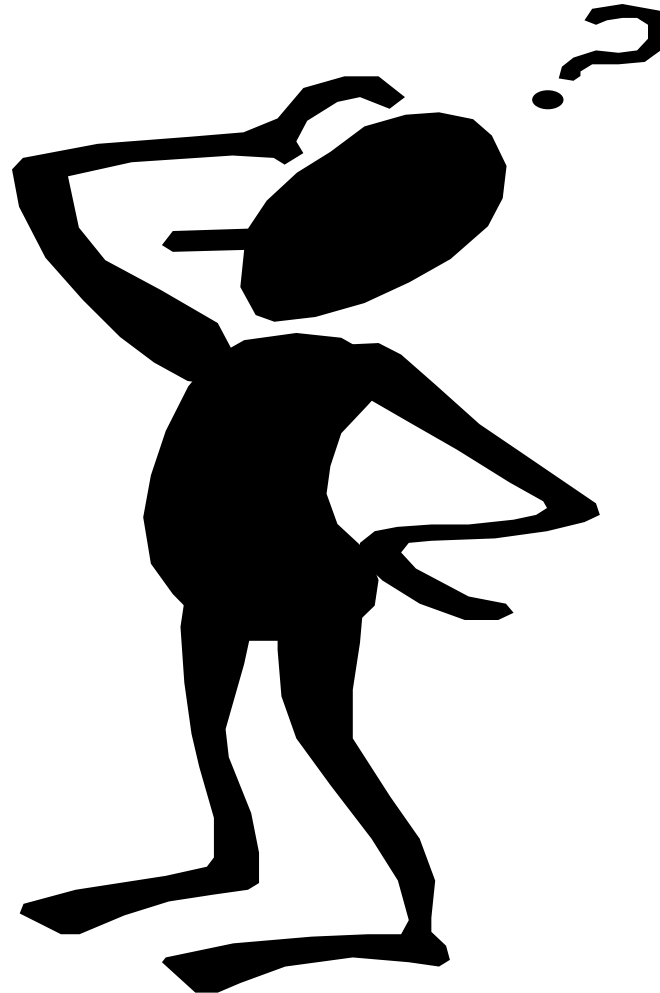
# CAPA Subsystems

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# Questions?

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